

Magnetic Circular Dichroism vs Excitonic Zeeman Splitting in (Ga,Fe)N



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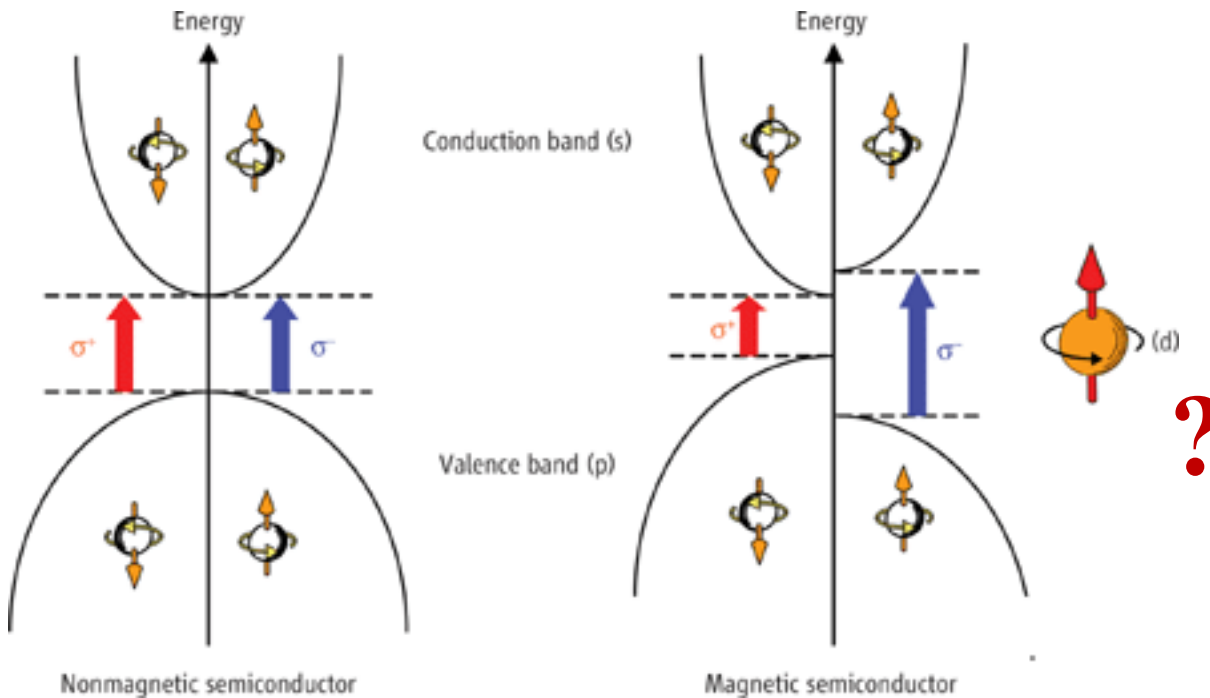
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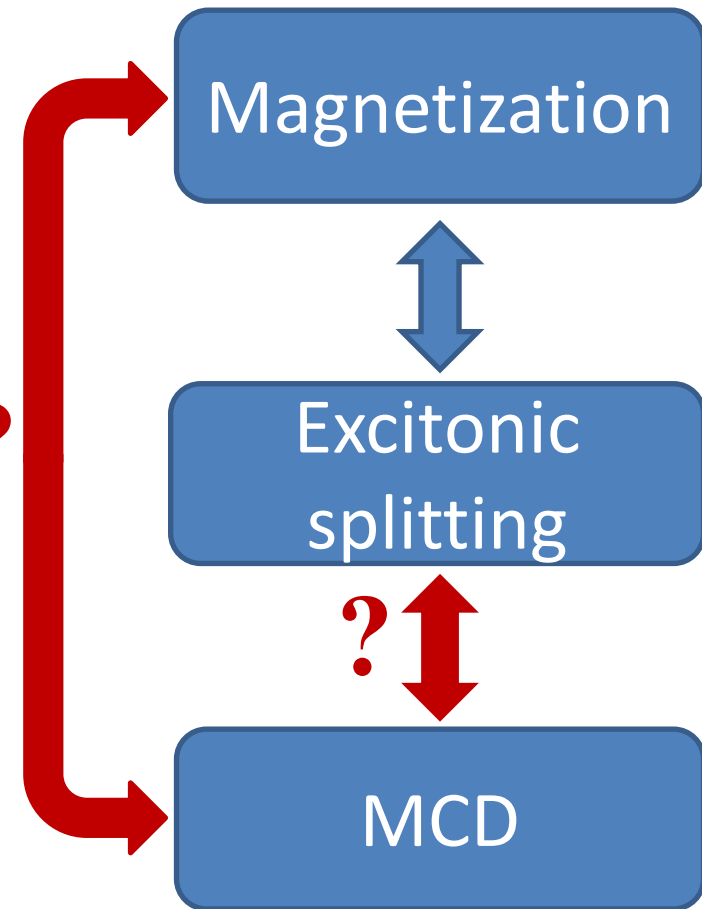


Motivation

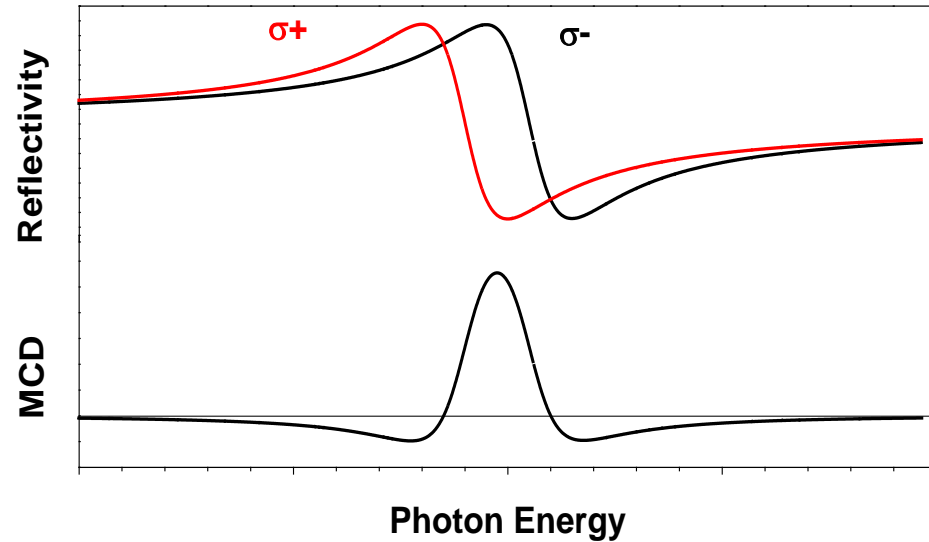
- MCD as a measure of magnetization



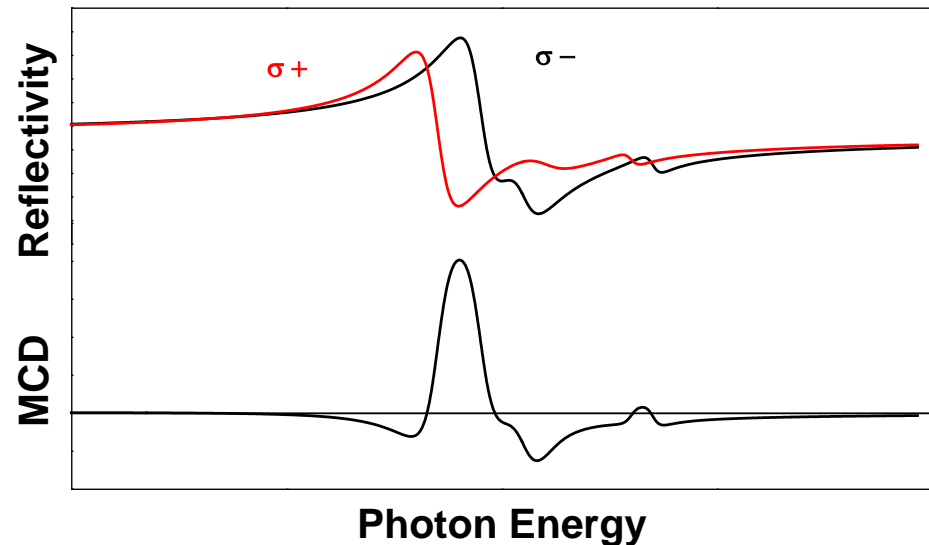
K. Ando



Motivation



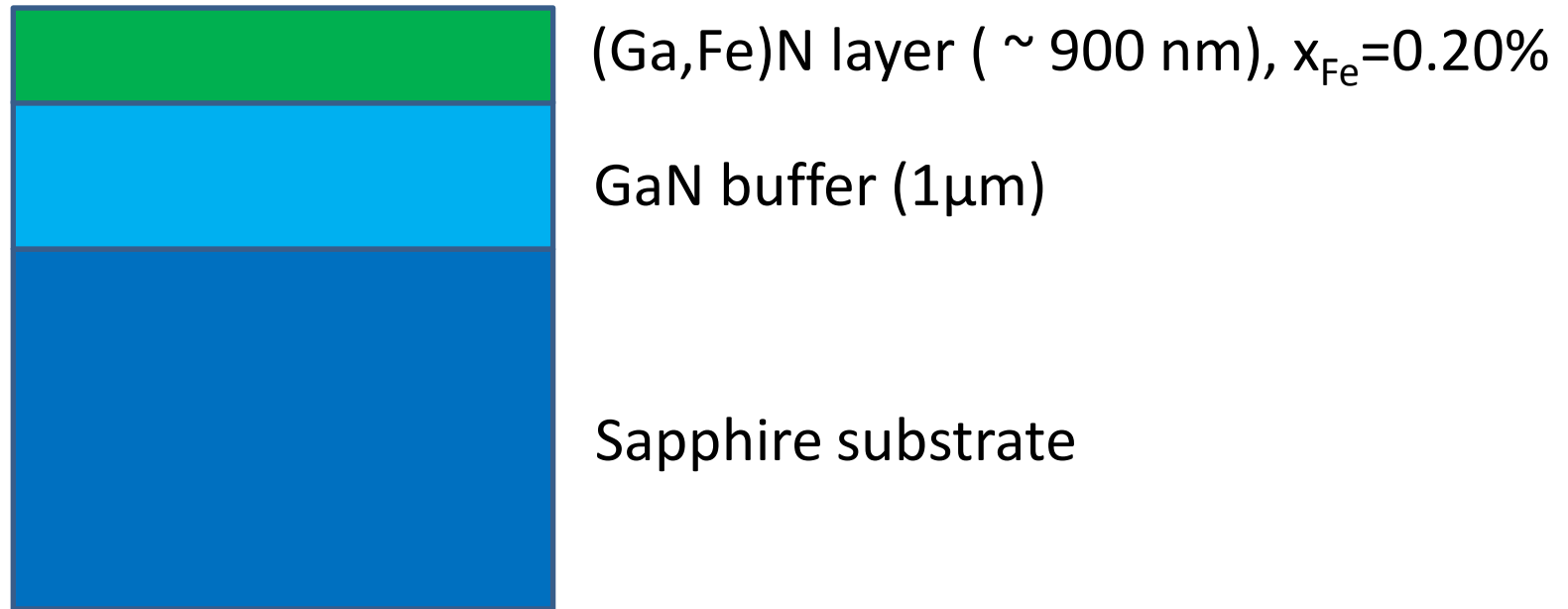
- One exciton model: straightforward interpretation of MCD



- Wurtzite structure DMS
 - Three excitonic transitions
 - Mutually compensating excitonic contributions

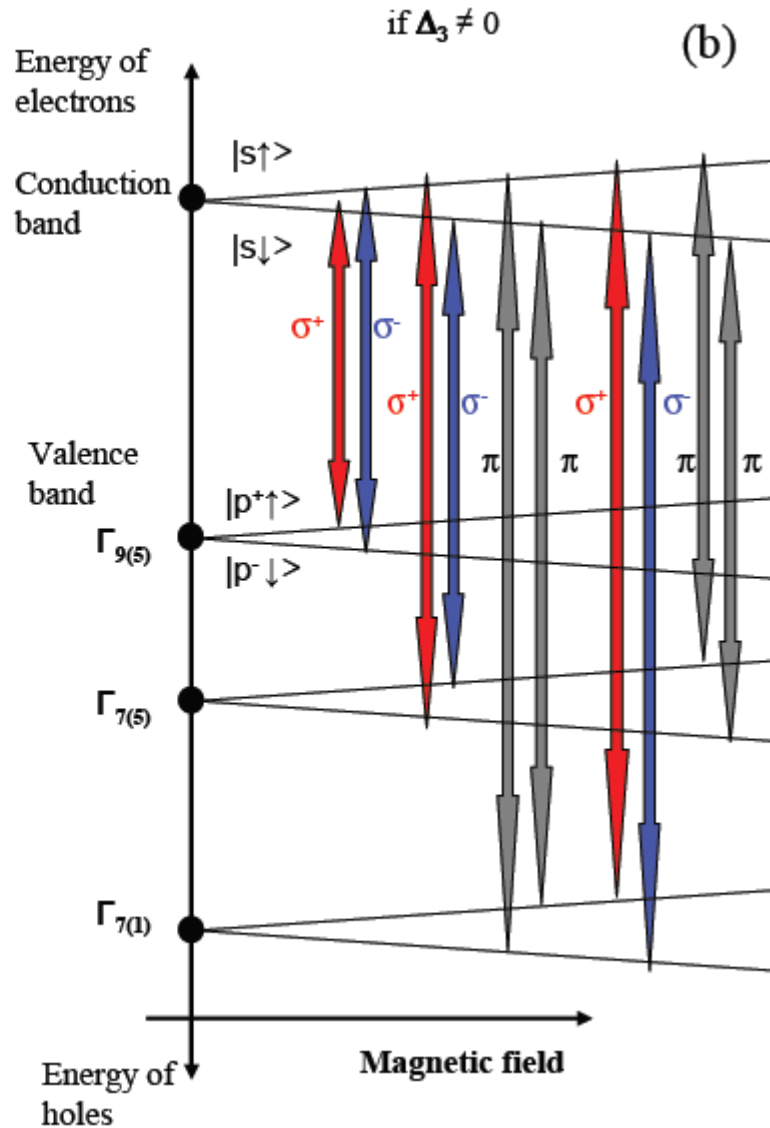
Interpretation of MCD ?

The sample



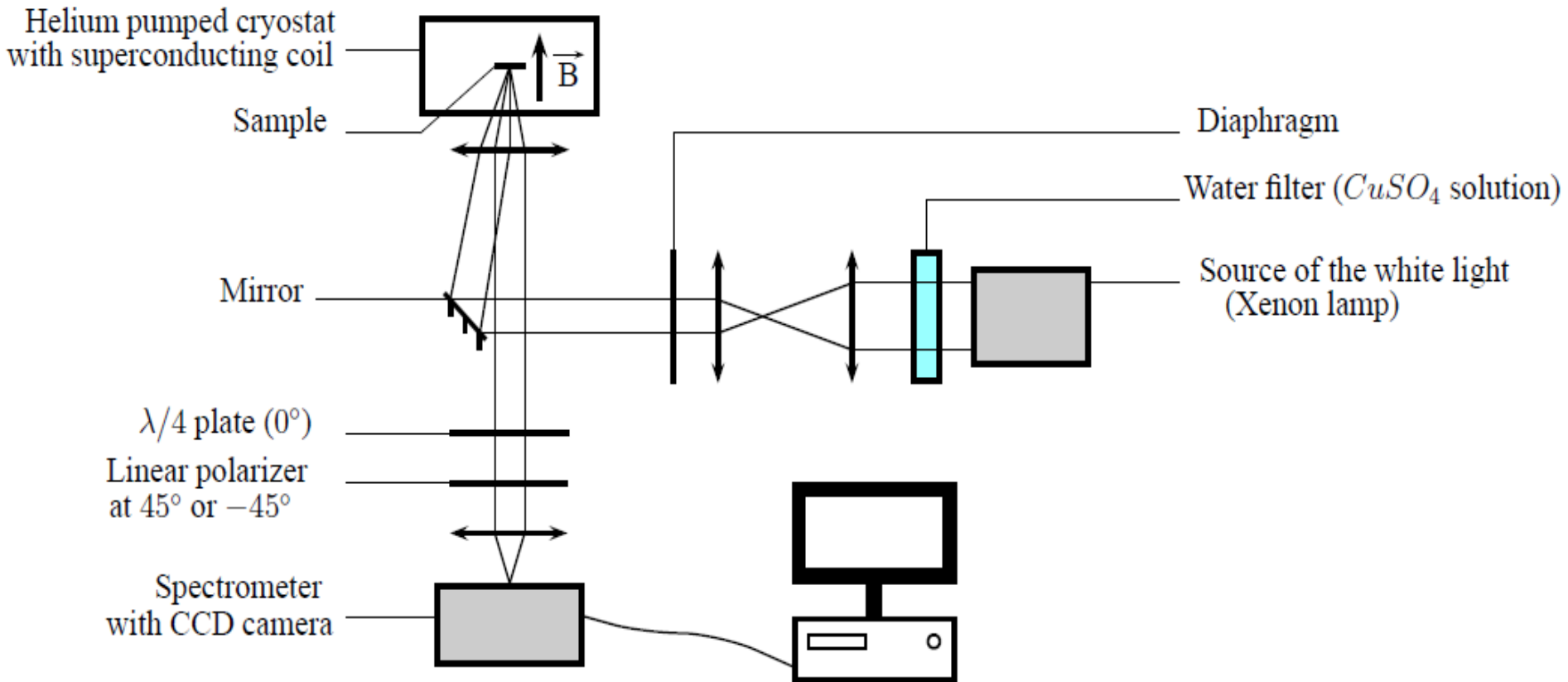
Grown by MOVPE at J.K. University - Linz

Energy diagram

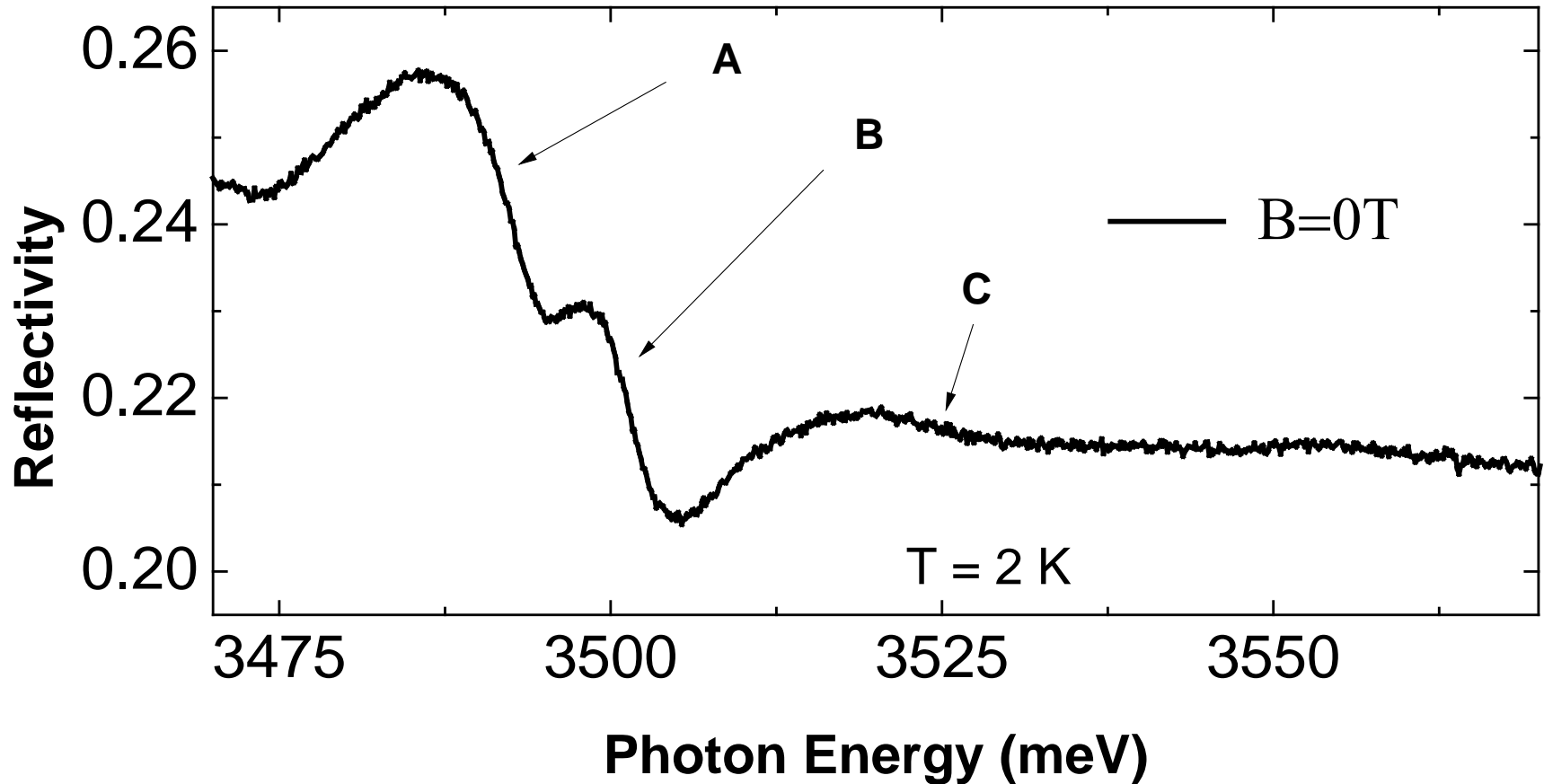


After W. Pacuski in ``Introduction to the Physics of Diluted Magnetic Semiconductors`` J. A. Gaj

Experimental setup

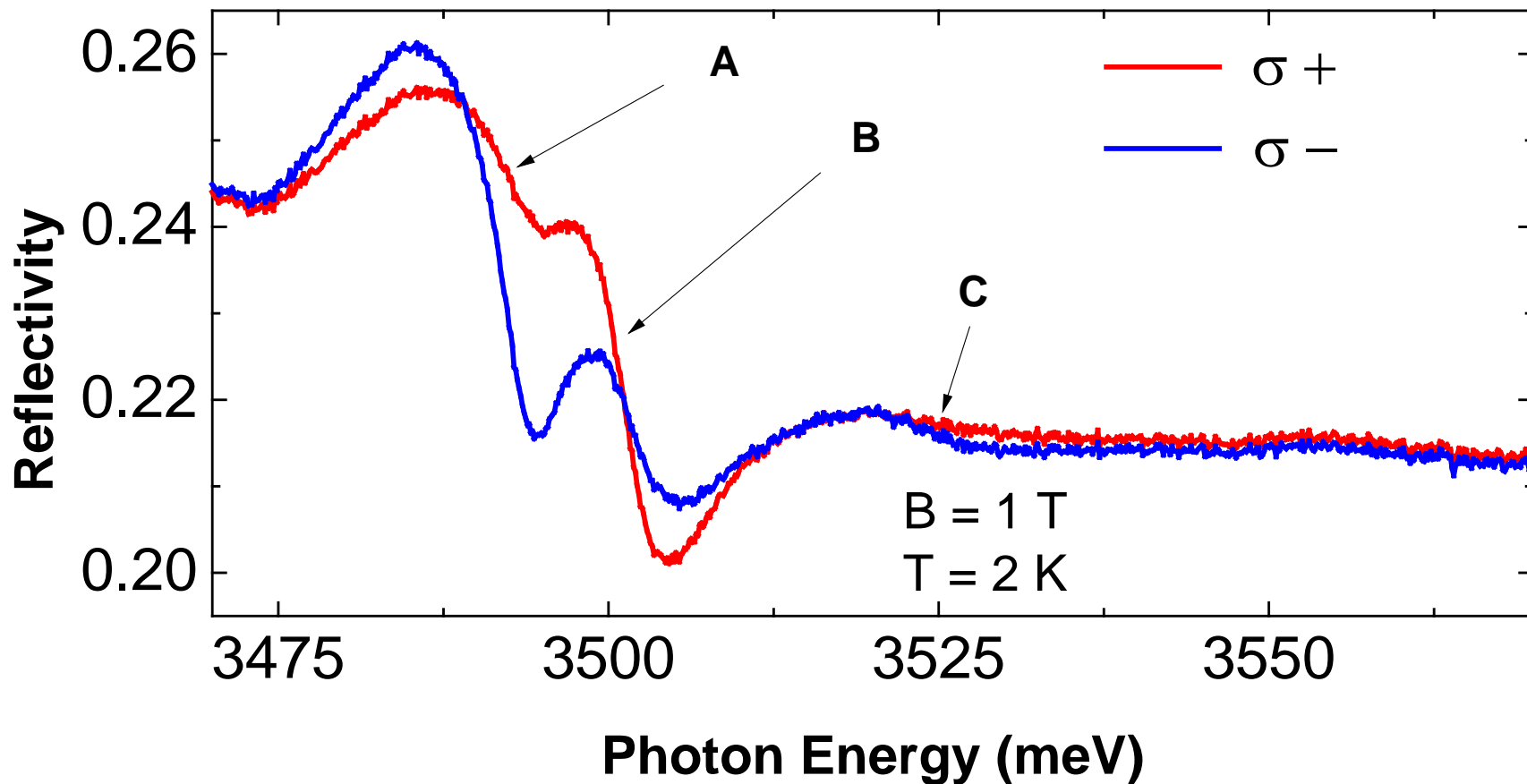


Reflectivity Measurements



Excitons A and B split toward opposite directions in magnetic field

Reflectivity Measurements



Excitons A and B split toward opposite directions in magnetic field

Modelling of the experimental spectra

Contributions to dielectric function $\epsilon(\omega)$ from:

Fundamental A, B and C
excitonic transitions

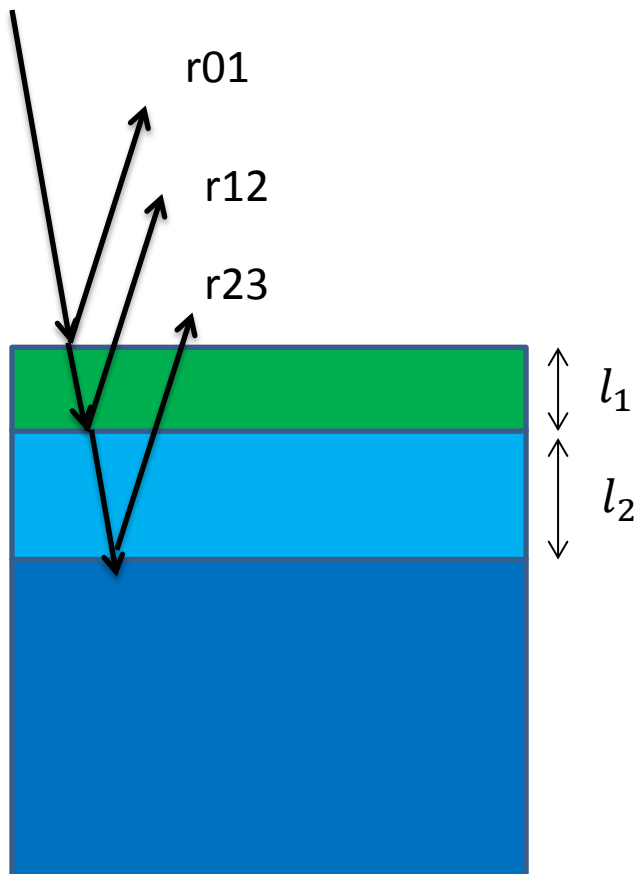
Excited states of excitons

Unbound states

$$\epsilon(\omega) = \epsilon_0 + \sum_{n=A,B,C} \left(\frac{4\pi\alpha\alpha_{0,n}\omega_n}{\omega^2 - \omega_n^2 - i\omega\Gamma_n} + \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} \frac{4\pi\alpha\alpha_{0,n}\omega_{n,j}}{j^3} \frac{\omega_{n,j}^2}{\omega_{n,j}^2 - \omega^2 - i\omega\Gamma_{n,j}} + \epsilon_{n,unbound} \right)$$

Modelling of the experimental spectra

Fabry Perot interferences in a multi layered structure:



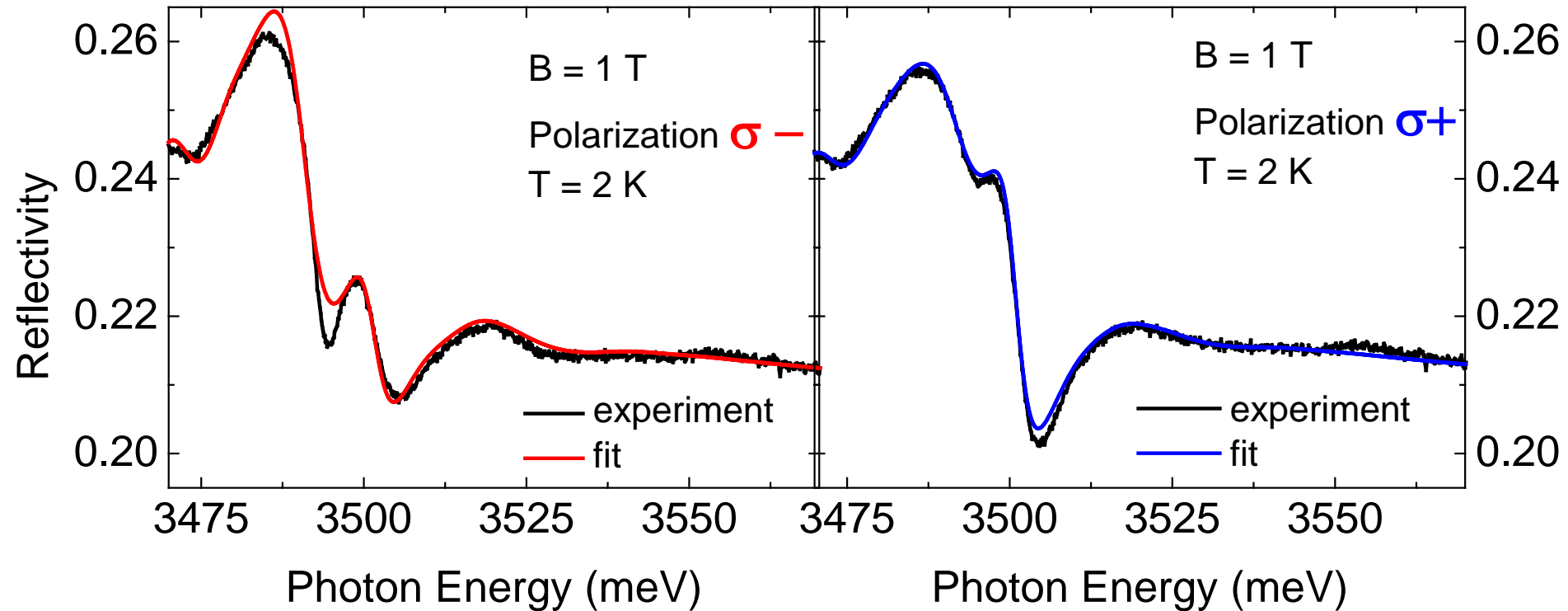
With:

$$r = \frac{r_{12} + r_{23}e^{2i\beta_2}}{1 + r_{12}r_{23}e^{2i\beta_2}}$$

$$r_{i,i+1} = \frac{\sqrt{\epsilon_i} - \sqrt{\epsilon_{i+1}}}{\sqrt{\epsilon_i} + \sqrt{\epsilon_{i+1}}}$$

$$\beta_i = \frac{\omega}{c} l_i \sqrt{\epsilon_i}$$

Fit of the reflectivity spectra



Successful description with the assumed model

Excitonic splitting vs magnetic field

- Hamiltonian:

$$H = E_0 + H_v + H_{e-h} + H_{sp-d} + H_z + H_{dia}$$

Energy gap

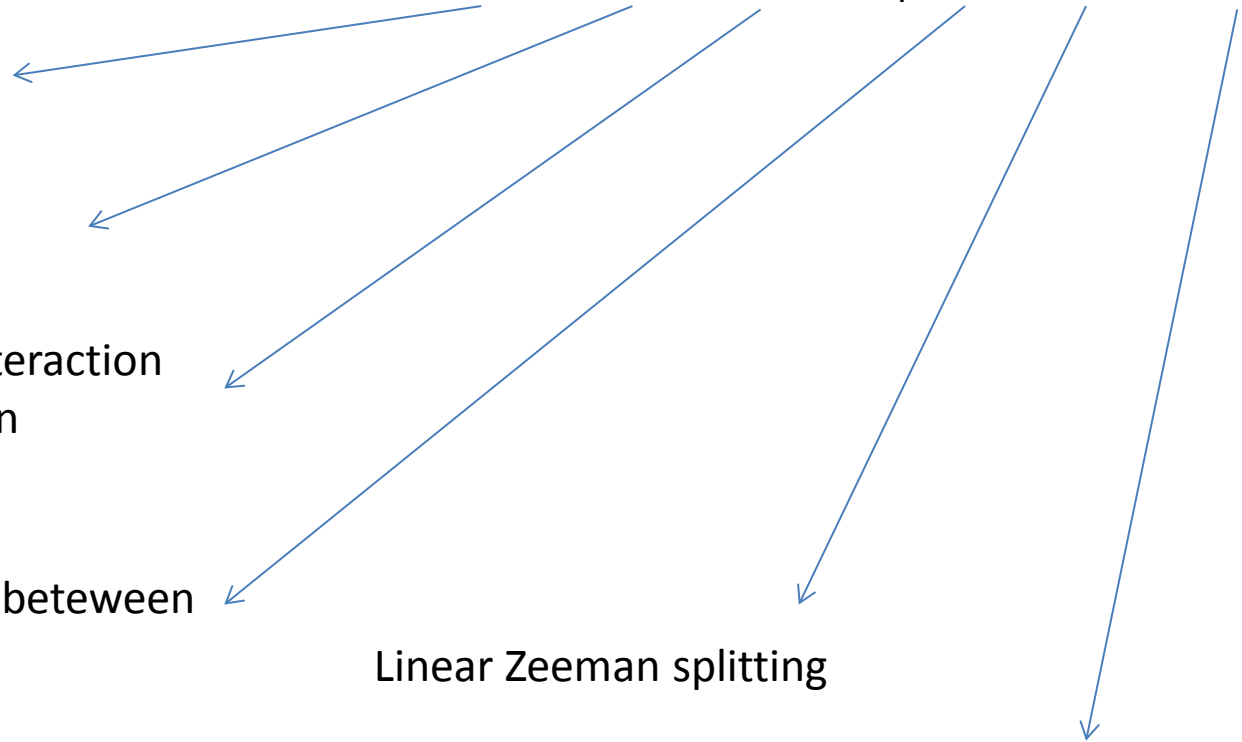
Valence band

Electron- hole interaction
within the exciton

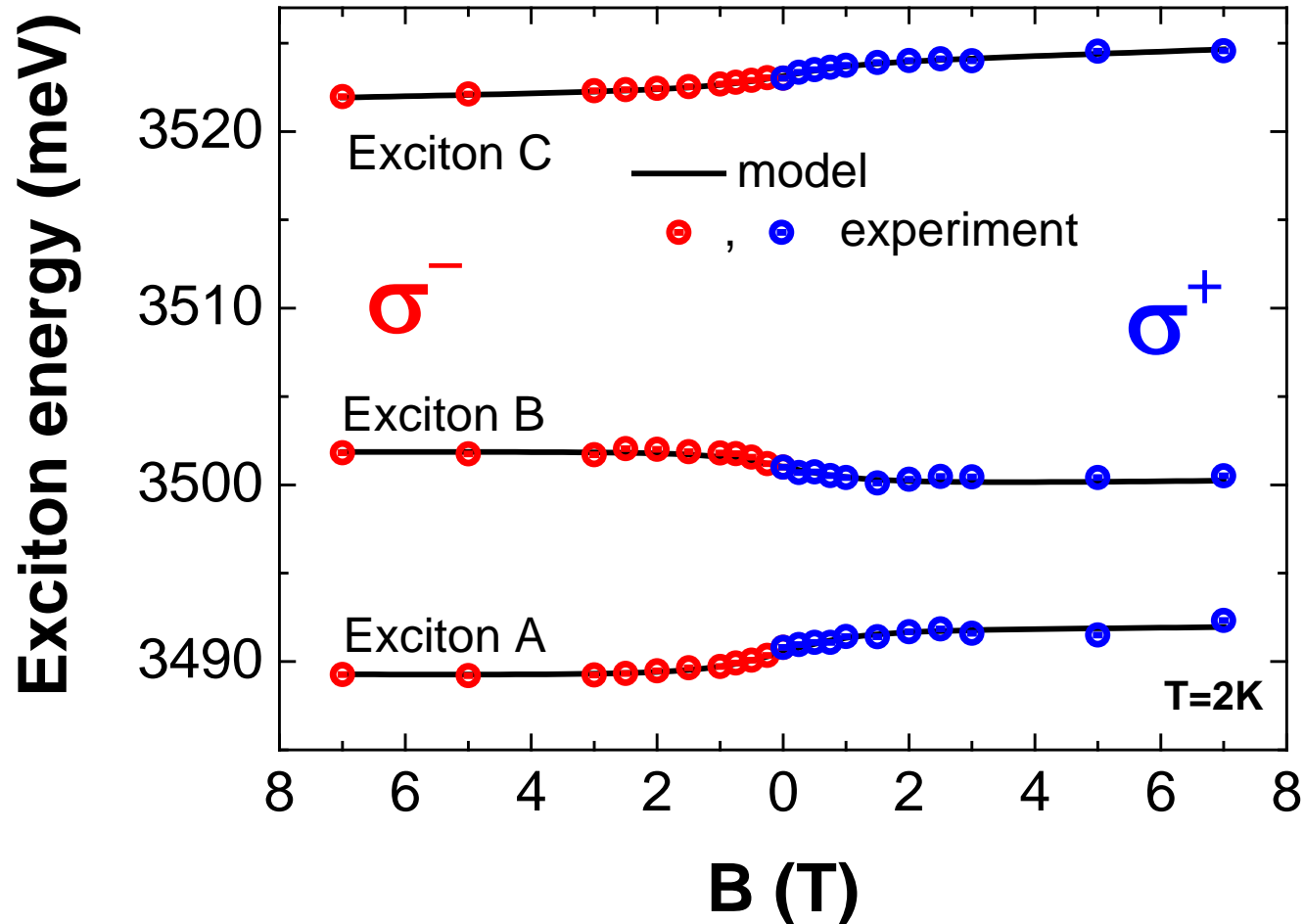
Exchange interaction between
Fe ions and carriers

Linear Zeeman splitting

Diamagnetic shift

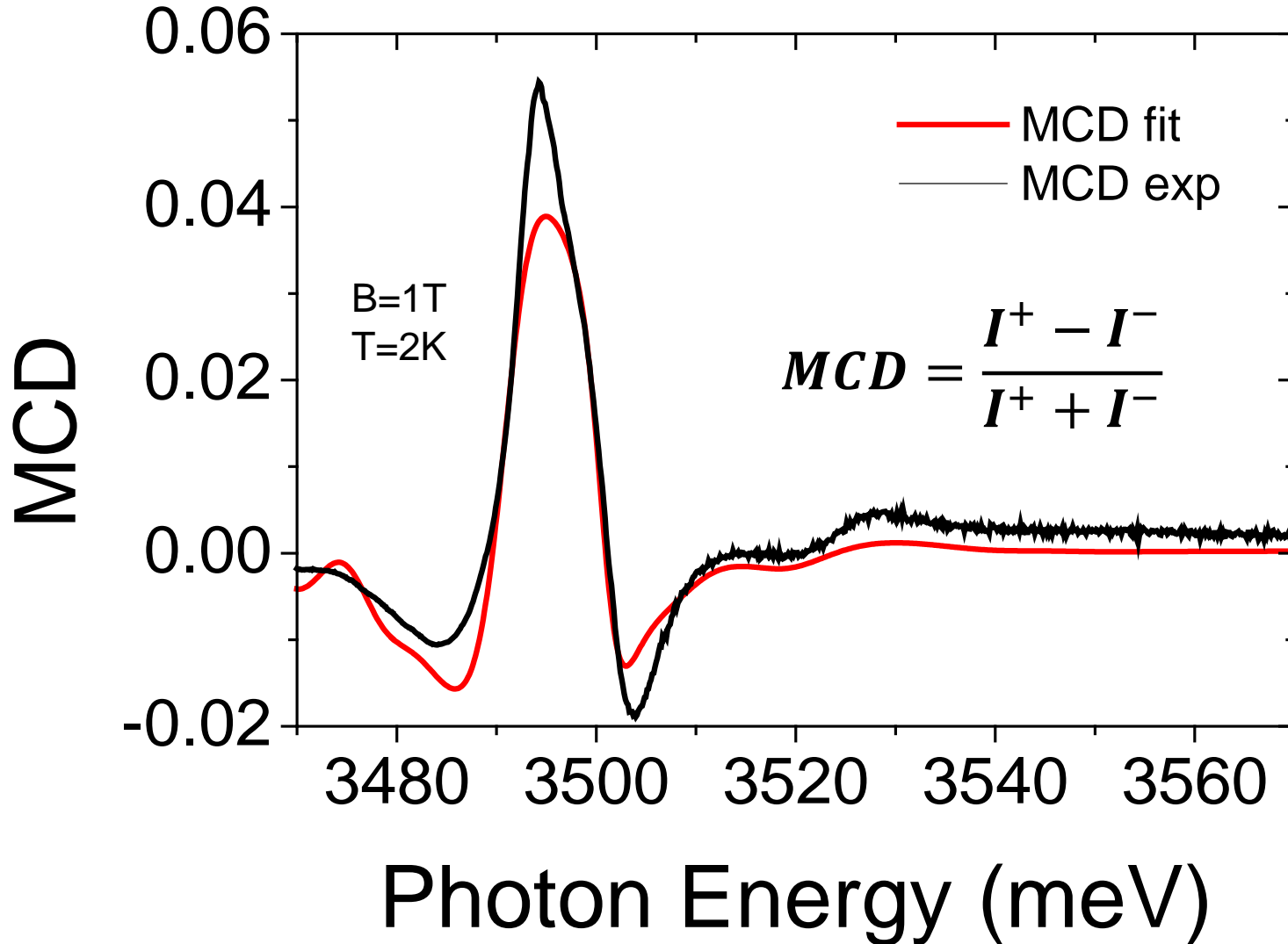


Excitonic splitting vs magnetic field



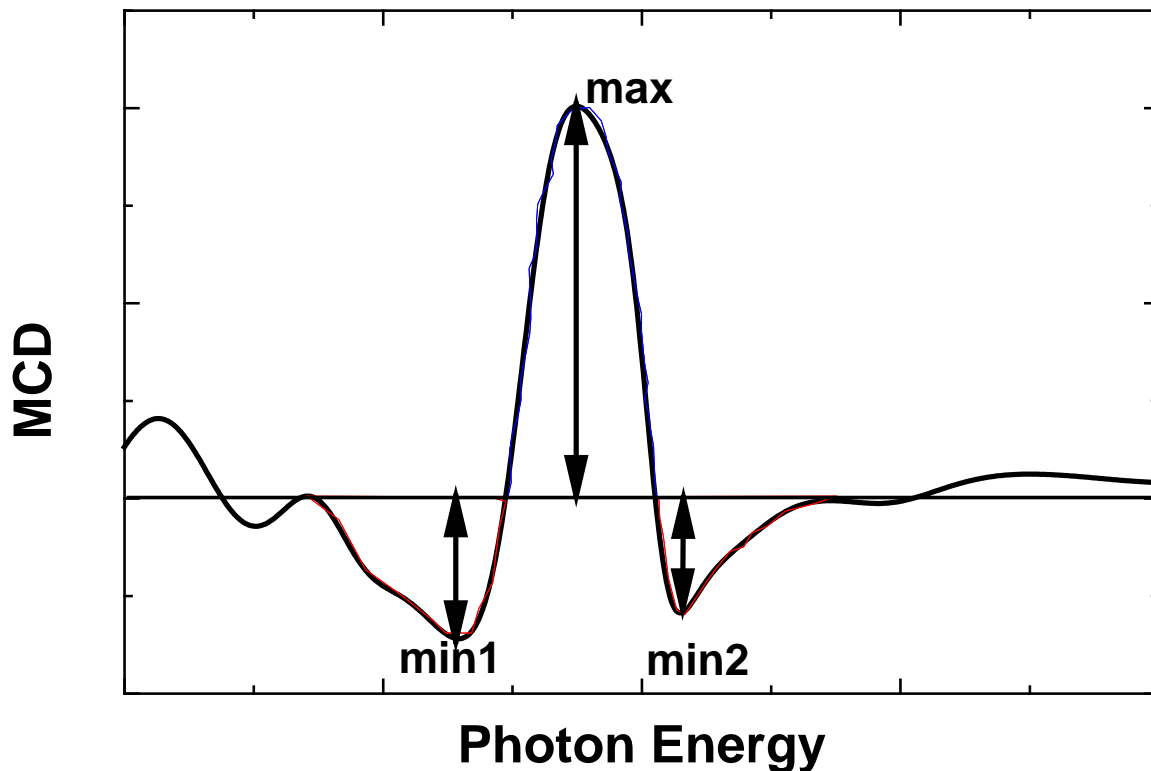
Apparent exchange constants determined from the fit
 $N_0\alpha^{(app)} = -0.05 \pm 0.1$ eV and $N_0\beta^{(app)} = +0.5 \pm 0.1$ eV

MCD based on experimental and fitted spectra



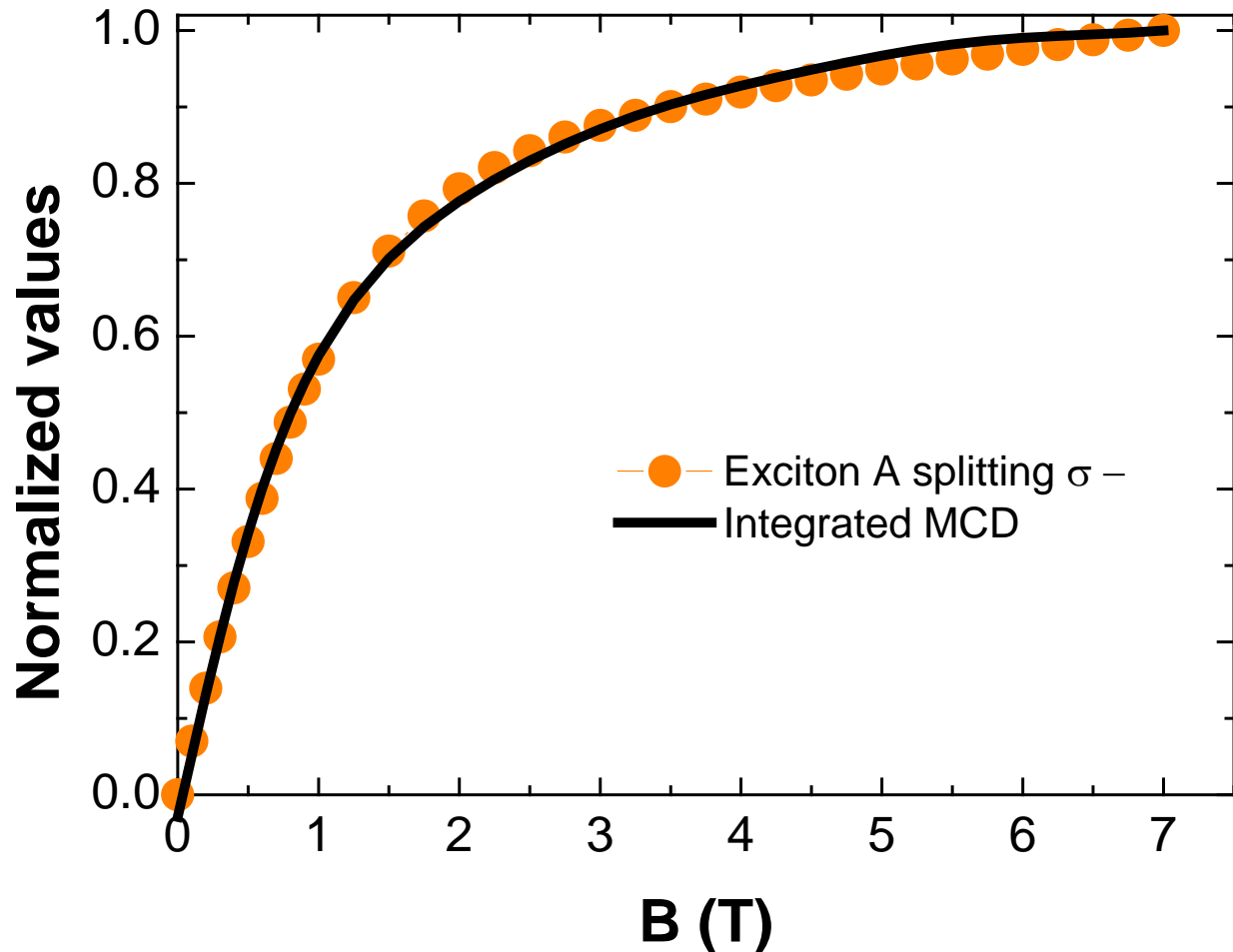
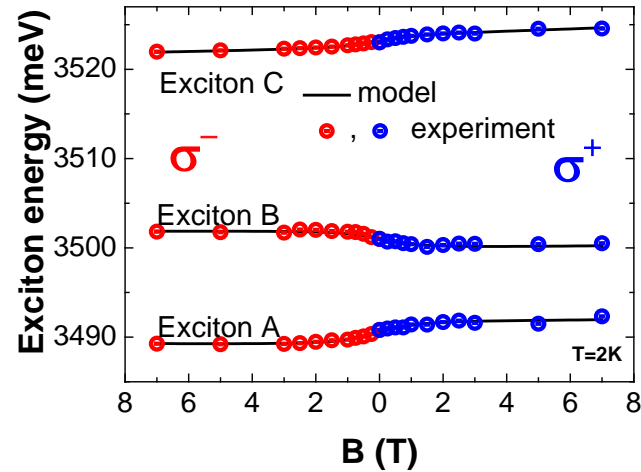
MCD and magnetization

- What parameter of the MCD spectrum is linearly proportional to the excitonic splitting?



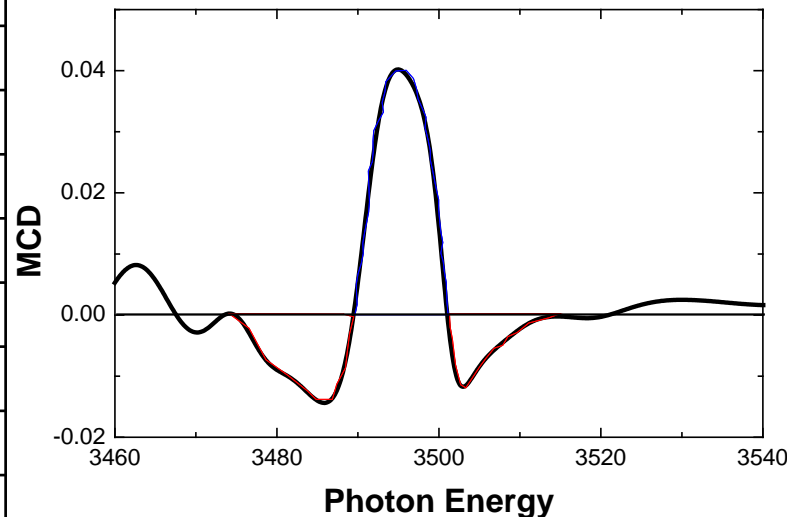
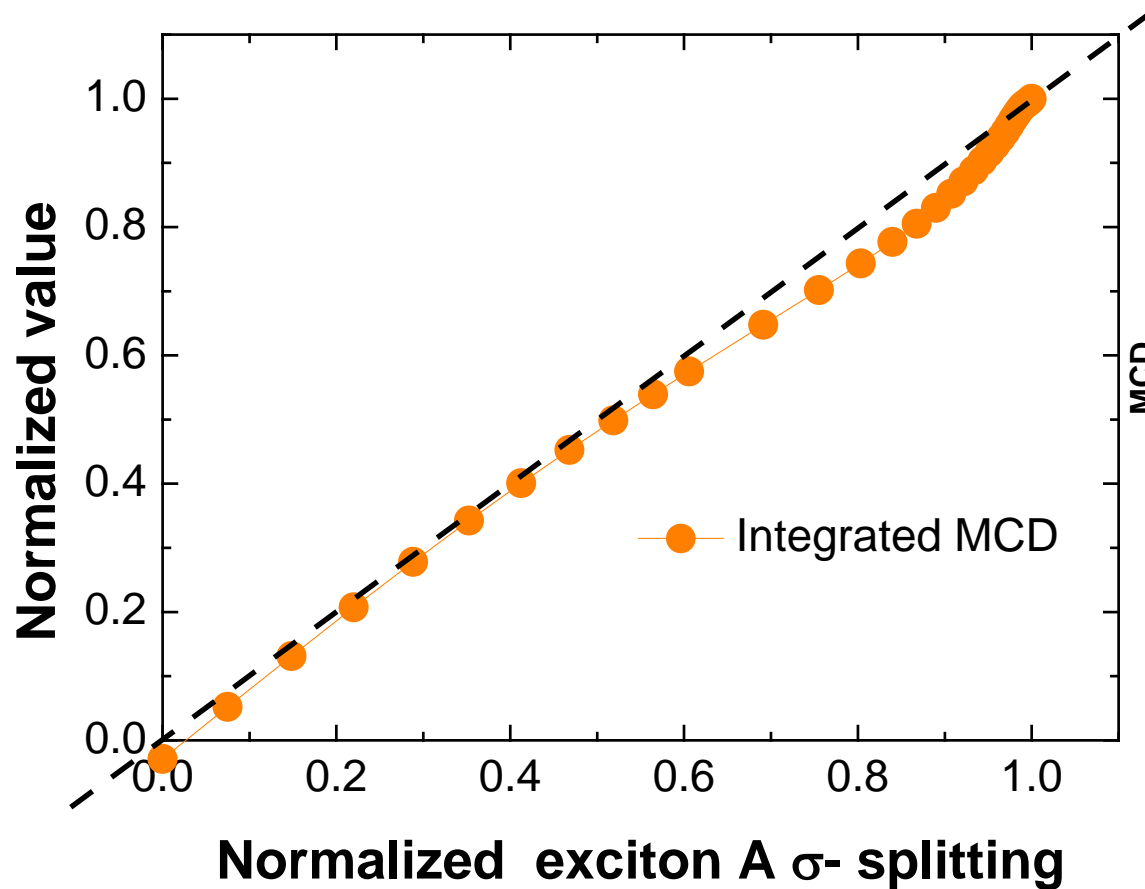
- Integrated signal?
- Amplitude (max)?
- Sum of extrema
($\text{max} - \text{min1} - \text{min2}$)?

Integrated MCD and excitonic splittings

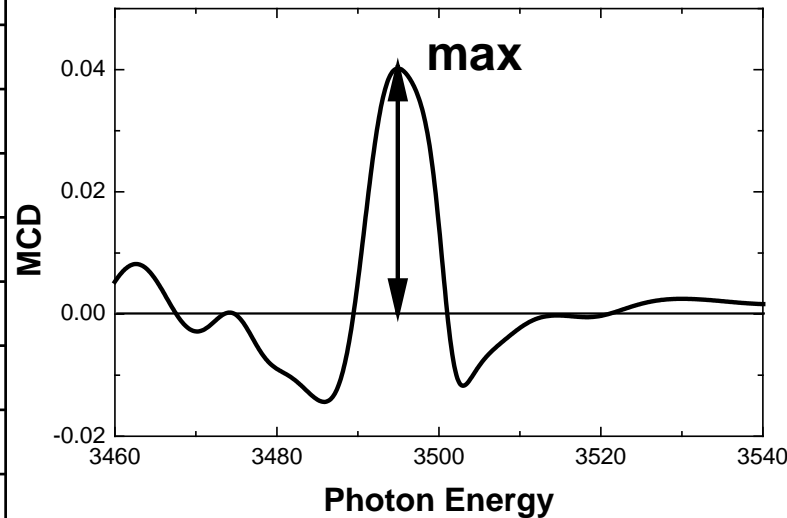
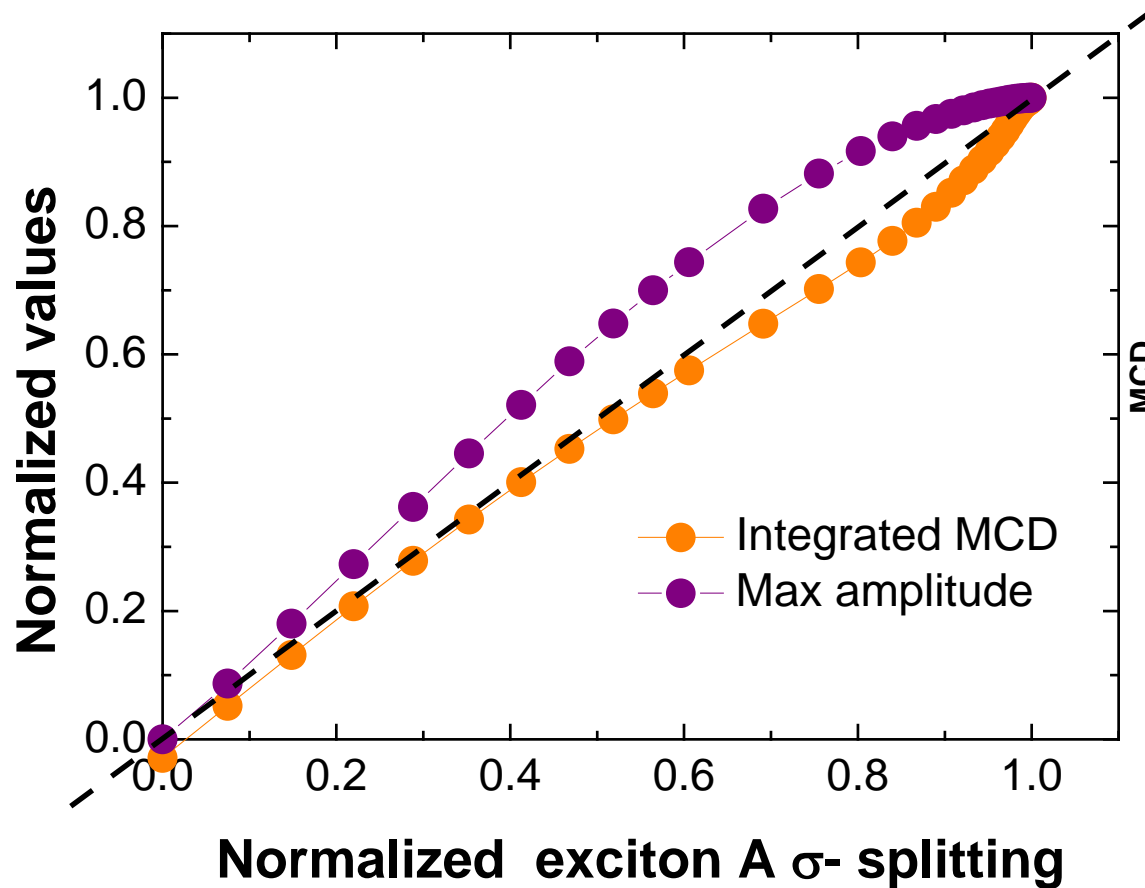


Brillouin function shape - saturation

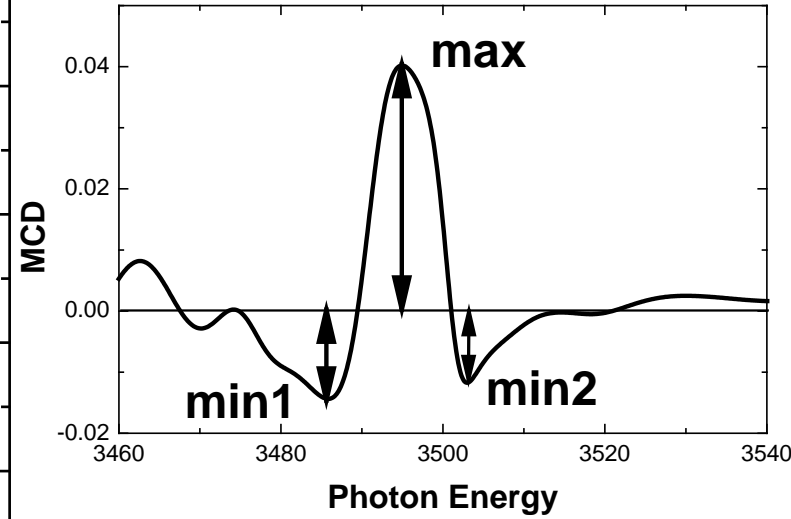
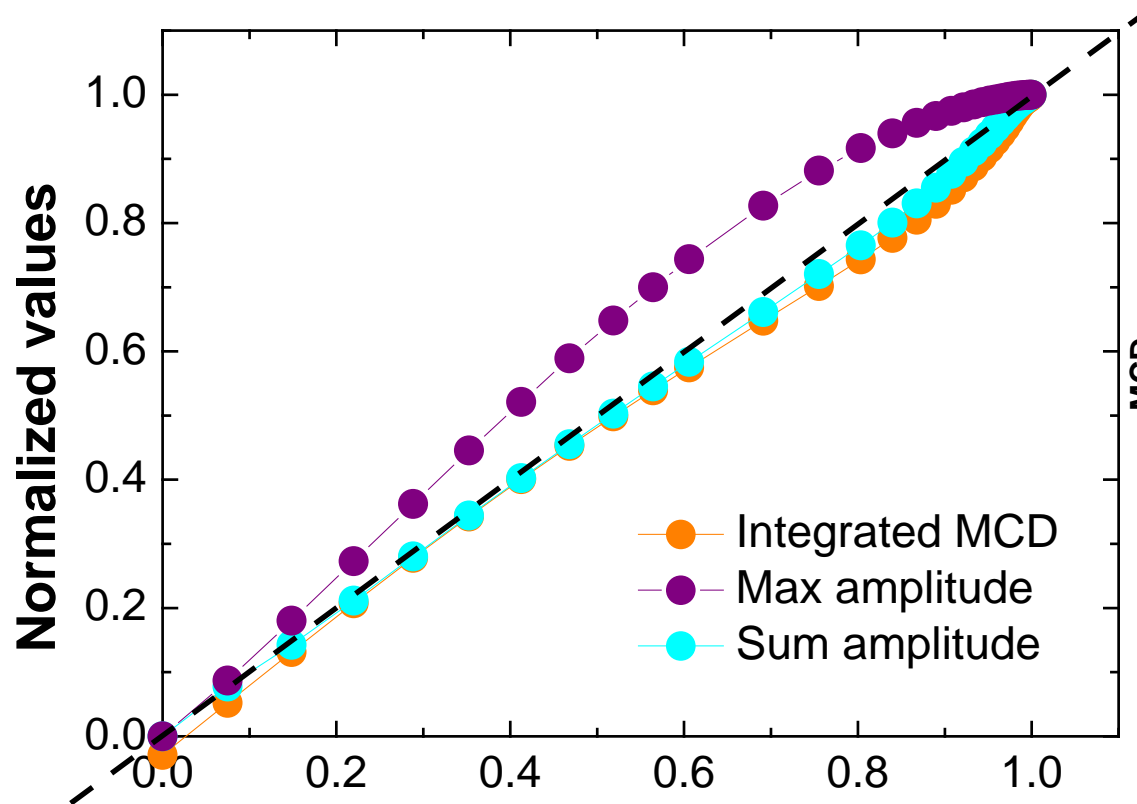
Correlation: MCD – splitting A



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Correlation: MCD – splitting A



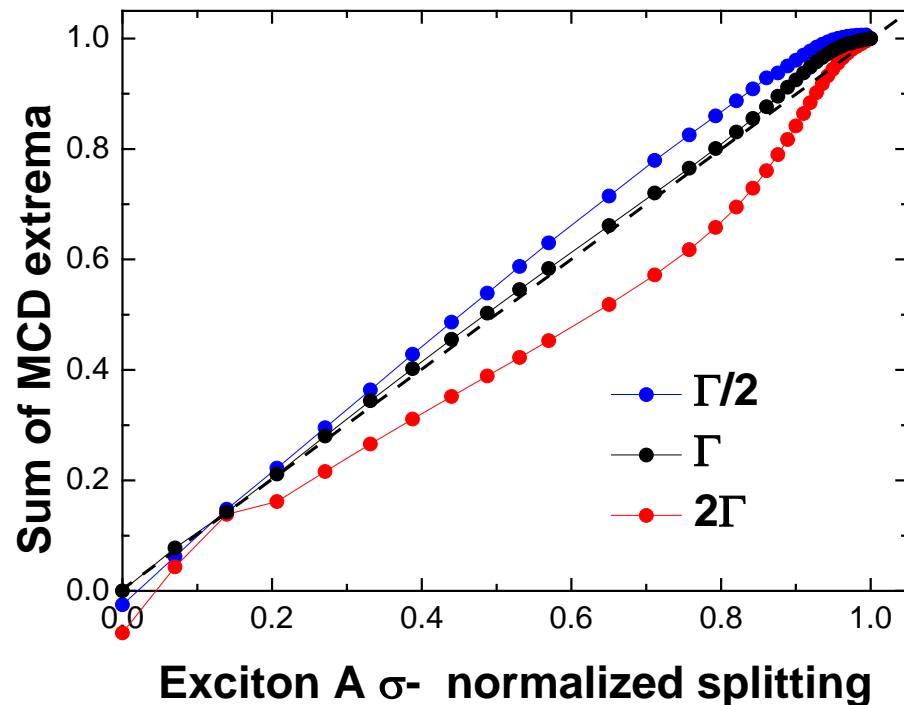
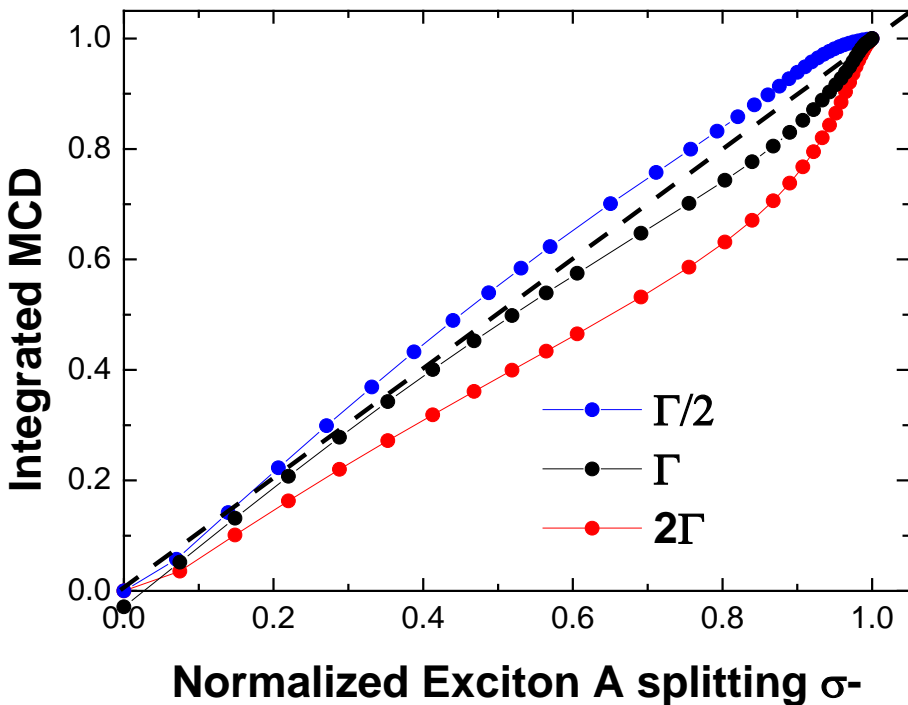
Normalized exciton A σ - splitting

Splitting of Exciton A σ - (magnetization) well correlated with

- integrated MCD

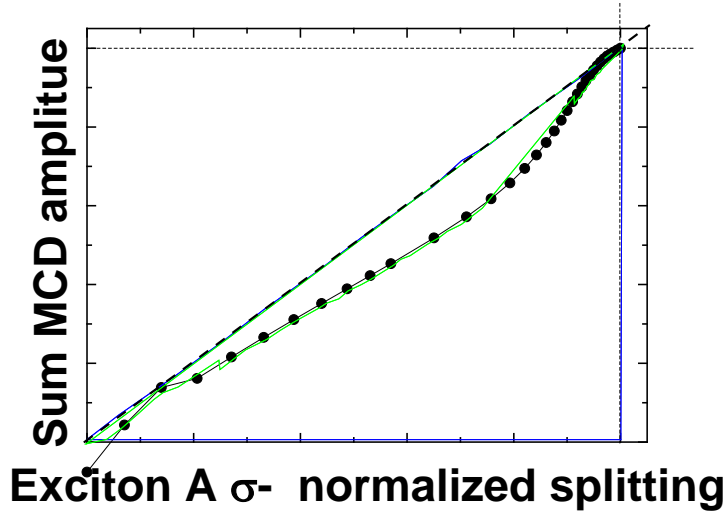
- and sum of extrema

Influence of the excitonic width Γ



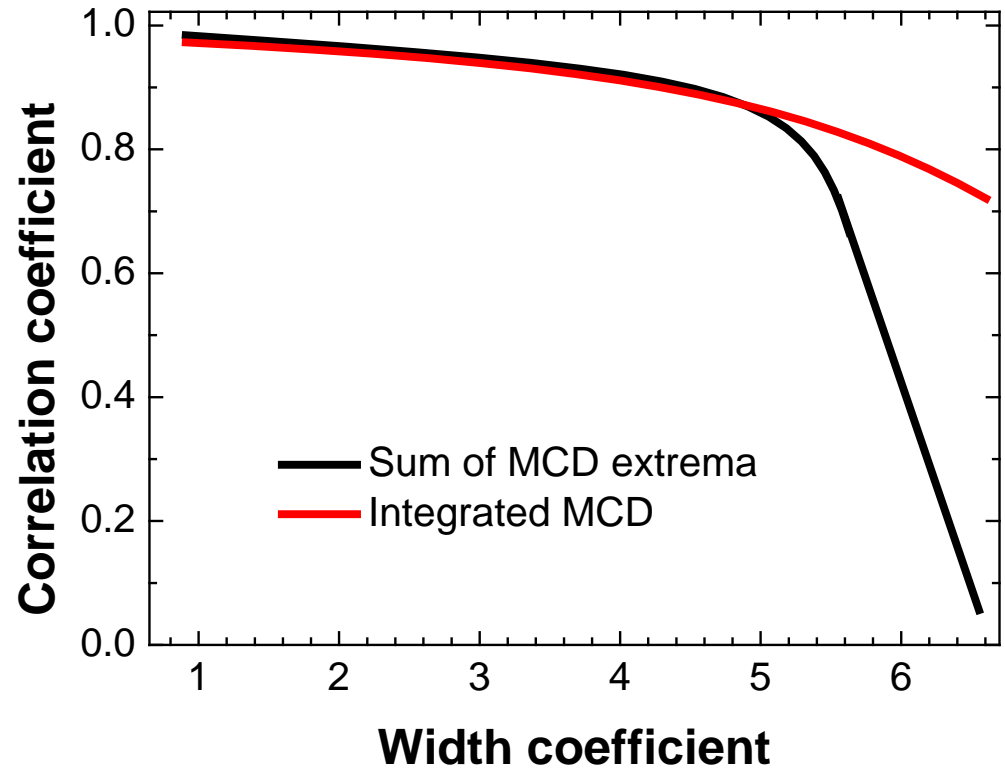
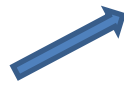
Similar dependence in both cases: integrated MCD and sum of MCD extrema.

Influence of the exciton width Γ



Correlation coefficient:

$$\rho = 1 - \frac{\sum \sqrt{(x - y)^2}}{\sum x}$$



- MCD not correlated to magnetization when exciton linewidth increased
- A better magnetization description with Integrated MCD

Conclusions

- Reflectivity and excitonic splitting of excitons in (Ga,Fe)N successfully described
- Determination of $N_0\alpha^{(app)} = -0.05 \pm 0.1$ eV and $N_0\beta^{(app)} = +0.5 \pm 0.1$ eV
- Justification of magnetization description by MCD in the case of wurtzite (Ga,Fe)N
- A crucial parameter deciding on the suitability of the description: exciton width