

II DYNAMICS

$$\mathcal{H} = \lim_{\Gamma \rightarrow \infty} \mathcal{H}_\Gamma / \Gamma$$

$$\mathcal{H}_\Gamma = L_2[SU(2)^L / SU(2)^N]$$

$\psi(h_e)$

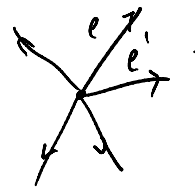
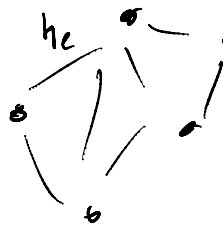
$A \quad G_{ee'}$

$$G_{ee'} = \vec{L}_e \cdot \vec{L}_{e'}$$

A_e, v_n

$$\vec{R}_{e^{-1}} = \vec{L}_e$$

$$\sum_{e \in n} \vec{L}_e = 0$$



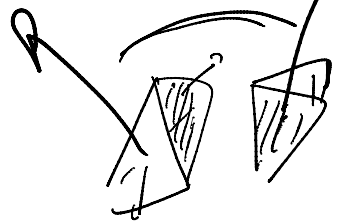
$$|\Gamma, j_e, v_n\rangle \quad |h_e\rangle$$

$$\hat{h}_e \psi(h_e) = h_e \psi(h_e)$$

$$\vec{x} \psi(x) = \bar{x} \psi(x)$$

$\vec{L}_e \rightarrow$ fluxes

$h_e \rightarrow$ holonomies



main comment

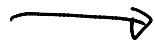


why this (noise) is quantum gravity?

(1)

CANONICAL QUANTIZATION of GR

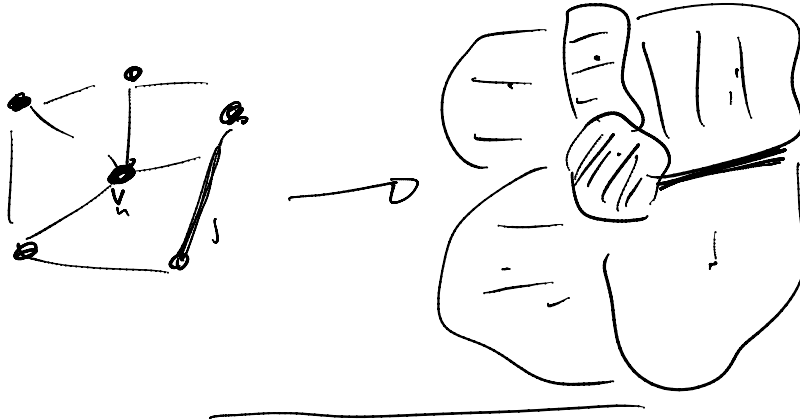
GRoo LATTICE
QCD



↓
QUANTUM GEOMETRY

QUANTUM STATES

(ii) beautiful



(iii) Dynamics → E.E.?

MATH

1. SL(2, C) SO(3, 1) Lorentz -

ψ^A $g \in SL(2, C)$ spinors $A=0, 1$

V^I Λ^I_J vectors $I, J=0, 1, 2, 3$

F_{IJ} J_{IJ} adjoint

choose a frame. $H \subset SL(2, C)$
 $H \sim SU(2)$



vectors $V^I = (V^0, \vec{V}) = (V^0, V^i)$ $i=1, 2, 3$

ad) $F_{IJ} \rightarrow (E_i = F_{0i}, B_i = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{ijk} F_{jk})$

$J_{IJ} \rightarrow K_i = J_{0i}, L_i = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_{ijk} J_{jk}$

Spiner.

$\mathbb{C}^2 \quad \chi_{1/2} \quad \langle \psi | \phi \rangle = \bar{\psi}^A \phi^B \delta_{AB}$

$\underline{V^I} \Rightarrow v^0 d + v^i \sigma_i$

→ all finite d. repres of SL2C are not unitary

UNITARY repres. of SL2C

$J_{IJ} : \vec{L}, \vec{K} \quad \begin{cases} C_1 : L^2 - K^2 = P^2 - K^2 \\ C_2 : \vec{L} \cdot \vec{K} = 4PK \end{cases}$

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} K_i = \text{half integer} \\ P = \text{real} \end{array} \right.$

$\mathcal{H}_{PK} = \bigoplus_{j=K}^{\infty} \mathcal{H}_{PK}^j$

$D^{PK}(\mathcal{g})_{j,m}$

$|P, K, j, m, j', m'\rangle$

$\underline{\psi(\mathcal{g})} = \sum_{P, K, j, m, j', m'} c_{P, K, j, m, j', m'} D^{PK}(\mathcal{g})_{j, m}$

$$P = \gamma j \quad K = j$$

$$|j, j; j, m, j, m\rangle$$

$$\mathcal{H}_\gamma \quad \psi(g) = \sum_{j, m, m'} c_{j, m, m'} D^{j, j}(g)^{j, m}_{j, m'} \quad \beta = \gamma$$

$$(i) \quad Y_\gamma : L_2[SU(2)] \rightarrow \mathcal{H}_\gamma$$

$$Y_\gamma : |j, m, m\rangle \mapsto |j, j; j, m, j, m\rangle$$

$$(ii) \quad \langle \psi | \vec{N} + \gamma \vec{L} | \phi \rangle = 0 \quad \forall \phi, \psi \in \mathcal{H}_\gamma$$

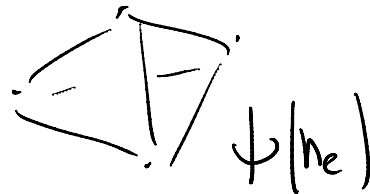
$$C = K^2 - L^2 = \gamma^2 L^2 - L^2 = (\gamma^2 - 1) L^2 = P^2 - K^2 = (\gamma^2 - 1) j^2$$

$$C = 4\vec{N} \cdot \vec{L} = -\gamma L^2 = 4PK = 4\gamma j^2$$

$$L^2 = j(j+1) \rightarrow j^2 \quad P = \gamma j \quad K = j$$

$$\vec{K} + \gamma \vec{L} = 0$$

spin networks

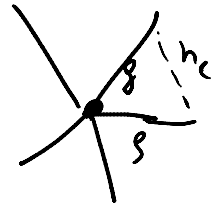


$$(Y_\gamma \psi)(g)$$

$$P_{SL2C} \psi(g) = \int_{SL2C} d^4 g_n \psi \left(\begin{matrix} g_n \\ g_{se} \end{matrix} g_e \begin{matrix} g_n^{-1} \\ e(e) \end{matrix} \right)$$

$$P_\gamma : P_{SL2C} \circ Y_\gamma : \underline{SU(2) \text{ a.n.} \rightarrow SL2C \text{ a.n.}}$$

$$(F_g \psi)(1) = \int dh_e \uparrow(h_e) A_g(h_e)$$



$$A_g(h_e) = \int_{(SU(2)^n)} d\sigma_{te} \prod_c K_e(h_e, \sigma_{sc} \sigma_{te})$$

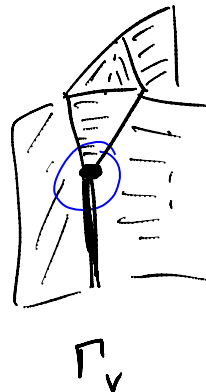
$$K_e(h, s) = \sum_j \int_{SU(2)} dk \ d_j \ \chi^j(hk) \ \chi^{j,ij}(k, s)$$

$$\chi^j(k) = \text{Tr} (D^j(k)) \quad \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ SU(2) \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ SU(2) \end{matrix}$$

II PATH 2-complexes

$$C = (F, E, V, d)$$

f, e, v



$$\textcircled{1} \lim_{e \rightarrow 0} F_e$$



3d

4d

nodes \leftrightarrow volumes

vertices \leftrightarrow 4-volumes

links \leftrightarrow surfaces

edges \leftrightarrow 3-volumes

faces \leftrightarrow surfaces

boundary of a 2-complex

PHYSICS

$e \quad \partial e = \pi$

$$Z_e(h_e) = \int_{SU(2)} dh_{vf} \prod_f S(h_f) \prod_v \underbrace{A_v(h_{vf})}$$



$\int dh_e \overline{A_0(h_e)} + (h_e)$

$h_f = \prod_v h_{vf}$

$\langle A_j \psi \rangle \equiv (\rho_j \psi)(\mathcal{A}) - \rho_j = \frac{P_{j2c}}{N_0} \quad \bar{n} = -\gamma \bar{z}$

$Z(h_e) = \lim_{e \rightarrow \infty} Z_e(h_e)$

$|r, j_e, n\rangle$

$\psi_{r, j_e, n}(h_e)$

I STATES

II TRAPS AMPL

III Really?

IV Exotic Physics

IV Extending Physics