

Gauging the Oïd
& Other Tales

PART I

Geometric Field Theory
& Symmetry Models

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*La Géométrie est une image,
mais il n'y a pas d'image de la Géométrie*

THE GAUGE PRINCIPLE

- CONCEPTS:
- (*) MODELLING DYNAMICS on SYMMETRY ORBISPACES
& THAT of CHARGED PROBES
 - (**) CONFIGURATIONAL-SYMMETRY REDUCTION
 - (***) EMERGENCE of PROJECTOR FIELDS
 - (****) ANOMALIES
 - (*****) POLY-PHASE DYNAMICS with DEFECTS
 - (*****) DESCENT of GEOMETRIC/HOMOLOGICAL STRUCTURES
 - (*****) CATEGORIFICATION of SYMMETRY

Defⁿ 1. GEOMETRIC FIELD THEORY is a SEXTUPLE

$GFT := (\mathcal{F}, \Sigma, M, \pi_{\mathcal{F}}, \eta_{\Sigma}, \mathcal{A})$ COMPOSED OF

- (*) METRIC MANIFOLD (Σ, η_{Σ}) (of DIMENSION D) (SPACETIME)
- (**) FIBRE BUNDLE $(\mathcal{F}, \Sigma, M, \pi_{\mathcal{F}})$ (CONFIGURATION BUNDLE)
- (***) FUNCTIONAL $\mathcal{A}: \Gamma(\mathcal{F}) \rightarrow \mathbb{C}$ (DIRAC-FEYNMAN AMPLITUDE)

with - TYPICAL FIBRE M of $\mathcal{F}$ - SPACE of DOFs $\equiv$ FIELD TYPE

e.g., $\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R}^{x^D} \otimes \text{Lie } G, \text{SPINOR MODULE, METRIC MANIFOLD w/ p-FORM FIELDS ...}$

- SECTIONS of $\mathcal{F}$ - FIELD CONFIGURATIONS, or FIELDS
- CRITICAL POINTS of $\mathcal{A}$ - CLASSICAL FIELD CONFIGURATIONS

$$\left. \frac{d}{dt} \right|_{t=0} \mathcal{A}[\mathbb{E}_v(t; \phi)] = 0 \quad \forall v \in \Gamma(\phi^* T\mathcal{F})$$

E.g., (*) STANDARD MODEL of FUNDAMENTAL INTERACTIONS

$$(\Sigma, \eta_\Sigma) = \mathbb{R}^{3,1}, \quad \mathcal{F} = \mathbb{R}^{3,1} \times (17), \quad \mathcal{A}_{SM} = \exp\left(i \int_{\mathbb{R}^{3,1}} \mathcal{L}_{SM}(\cdot, T)\right)$$

(**) 2d POLYAKOV-ALVAREZ-GAWĘDZKI σ -MODEL

$$(\Sigma, \eta_\Sigma): \dim \Sigma = 2, \text{ ORIENTABLE}, \partial \Sigma = \emptyset, \text{ COMPACT} \\ \text{EUCLIDEAN or PIECEWISE LORENTZIAN}$$

$$\mathcal{F} = \Sigma \times M: (M, g_M) \text{ METRIC, w/ } H \in \mathcal{Z}_{dr}^3(M), \text{Per}(H) \in 2\pi\mathbb{Z}$$

$$\mathcal{A}_{PAG}[X] = \exp\left(-\frac{i}{2} \|TX\|_{\eta_\Sigma, g_M}^2\right) \cdot \text{Hol}_g(X(\Sigma))$$

$$\|TX\|_{\eta_\Sigma, g_M}^2 \xrightarrow{\text{loc.}} \int \sqrt{|\det \eta_\Sigma|} \eta_\Sigma^{-1 ab} g_M(x)_{\mu\nu} \partial_a X^\mu \partial_b X^\nu$$

$$\text{Hol}_g \in \hat{H}^3(M) = \left\{ \chi \in \text{AbGrp}(\mathcal{Z}_2(M), U(1)) \mid \exists \omega \in \mathcal{Z}_{dr}^3(M): \chi \circ \partial_3(\cdot) = \exp(i \int \omega) \right\}$$

(***) POISSON σ -MODEL

(Σ, η_Σ) : $\dim \Sigma = 2$, ORIENTABLE, $\partial \Sigma = \emptyset$, COMPACT

$\mathcal{F}$: 2-COMPONENT: $\Sigma \times M$, (M, Π) POISSON

$$C^\infty(\Sigma, M) \ni X : \Gamma(T^*\Sigma \otimes X^*T^*M) \ni a$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} T\Sigma & \xrightarrow{a} & T^*M \\ \downarrow \bar{J}_T & & \downarrow \bar{J}_{T^*M} \\ \Sigma & \xrightarrow{X} & M \end{array}$$

$$A_{\text{PSM}}[X, a] = \exp\left(i \int_{\Sigma} \mathcal{L}_{\text{PSM}}(X, TX; a)\right)$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{PSM}}(X, TX; a) \Big|_{\text{loc.}} = \left(a_{\mu a} \partial_b X^\mu + \frac{1}{2} \Pi^{\mu\nu}(X) a_{\mu a} a_{\nu b} \right) d\sigma^a \wedge d\sigma^b$$

$$\Pi \Big|_{\text{loc.}} = \Pi^{\mu\nu} \partial_\mu \wedge \partial_\nu$$

Defⁿ 2. CONFIGURATIONAL SYMMETRY of GFT is

$$\Phi \in \text{Aut}_{\text{Bun}(\Sigma)/\Sigma}(\mathcal{F}) \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \forall \phi \in \Gamma(\mathcal{F}): \mathcal{A}[\Phi \circ \phi] = \mathcal{A}[\phi]$$

w/ LOCAL MODEL

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{F} & \xrightarrow{\Phi} & \mathcal{F} \\ \downarrow \bar{\gamma}_{\mathcal{F}} & & \downarrow \bar{\gamma}_{\mathcal{F}} \\ \Sigma & \xlongequal{\quad} & \Sigma \end{array}$$

$$(*) \quad \text{Aut}(M) \subset \text{Diff}(M) - \text{RIGID}$$

OR

$$(**) \quad \text{Aut}(M)^{\theta}, \theta \in \mathcal{J}(\Sigma) - \text{LOCAL or GAUGE}$$

Ex. 4.1 $(*) \quad \mathbb{R}^{3,1} \rightarrow \text{SU}(3)_c \times \text{U}(1) \times \text{SU}(2)_f \wedge \dots \quad \text{in SM}$

$$(**) \quad \{ g \in \text{Iso}(M, g_M) \mid g^* \text{Hol}_g = \text{Hol}_g \}$$

LINEARISATION: $\mathcal{K} \in \Gamma(TM)$ Killing : $\exists \kappa \in \Omega^1(M) : \mathcal{K} \lrcorner H = -d\kappa$

$$(***) \quad \text{TANGENTIAL} : \langle X^* \mathcal{Z}_{dR}^1(M) \rangle_{C^\infty(\Sigma, \mathbb{R})} \ni \epsilon_\mu(\cdot) dX^\mu(\cdot)$$

$$X^\mu \mapsto X^\mu + \Pi^{\mu\nu}(x) \epsilon_\nu ; \quad a_\mu \mapsto a_\mu + d\epsilon_\mu + \partial_\mu \Pi^{\lambda\nu}(x) \epsilon_\lambda a_\nu$$

(4)

SYMMETRY MODELS:

(*) CLASSIC - SMOOTH (LIE-) GROUP ACTION $\lambda: G \rightarrow \text{Diff}(M) \Leftrightarrow \tilde{\lambda}: G \times M \xrightarrow{C^\infty} M$

$\Rightarrow$ LINEARISATION $\mathcal{K}^{(\lambda)}: \text{Lie} G \times M \rightarrow TM, (\xi, x) \mapsto T_{(e, x)} \tilde{\lambda}(-\xi, 0_{TM}(x))$

FUNDAMENTAL VECTOR FIELD

PROBLEM: TRIVIAL FIBRATION of SYMMETRY MODEL G over M :

$$G \times M \xrightarrow{p_2} M$$

FAILS to CAPTURE SIMPLE SYMMETRY SCENARIOS...

E.g., $U(1) \times \mathbb{D}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{D}^2 \searrow \{ (v, z) \in U(1) \times \mathbb{D}_*^2 \mid \underline{v \cdot z \in \mathbb{D}_*^2} \} \rightarrow \mathbb{D}_*^2 := \mathbb{D}^2 \setminus \{(\frac{1}{2}, 0)\}$

NB: FIBRE over $|\cdot|^{-1}(\{\frac{1}{2}\}) : U(1) \setminus \{*\} \simeq \mathbb{R} \not\simeq U(1) : \text{FIBRE over } |\cdot|^{-1}(\{z \neq \frac{1}{2}\})$

UPSHOT: NEED ABSTRACTION of (SMOOTH) SYMMETRY WHICH FIBRES over M
(WITHOUT TYPICAL FIBRE IN GENERAL)... ⑤

ABSTRACTION: (*) MANIFOLD of INVERTIBLE CORRESPONDENCES

INCLUDING AUTO-CORRESPONDENCES

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{Id}_m \\ \curvearrowright \\ s(\text{Id}_x) = x = t(\text{Id}_x) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} g \\ \xrightarrow{\quad} \\ s(g) \in M \ni t(g) \\ \xleftarrow{\quad} \\ g^{-1} \end{array}$$

$$\{(g_1, g_2) \in G \times G \mid s(g_1) = t(g_2)\}$$

(**) ASSOCIATIVE COMPOSITION $m : G \times_t G \rightarrow G$

(***) SMOOTH LOCAL CHARTING of M by CORRESPONDENCES,

$$\forall x \in M \forall g \in s^{-1}(\{x\}) \exists \sigma \ni x \exists \tilde{\sigma} \ni g : (s|_{\tilde{\sigma}} : \tilde{\sigma} \xrightarrow{\cong} \sigma \wedge t(\tilde{\sigma}) \simeq \emptyset)$$

Defⁿ 3. LIE GROUPOID is a CATEGORY $(M, G, s, t, \text{Id}, m)$

w/ ALL MORPHISMS INVERTIBLE, $\exists \text{Inv} : G \rightarrow G, g \mapsto g^{-1}$, WHICH IS
INTERNAL to Man , & HAS s & t SUBMERSIVE.

NOTATION: $G \implies M$ MORPHISM of GROUPOIDS is a SMOOTH FUNCTOR. (6)

Eq., (*) PAIR GROUPOID $\text{Pair}(M) : M \times M \implies M$

$$s(x_2, x_1) = x_1, \quad t(x_2, x_1) = x_2, \quad \text{Id}_x = (x, x)$$

$$\text{Inv}(x_2, x_1) = (x_1, x_2), \quad (x_3, x_2) \cdot (x_2, x_1) = (x_3, x_1)$$

(**) SUBMERSION GROUPOID $\text{Pair}(\pi_Y) : \text{GIVEN } \pi_Y : Y \twoheadrightarrow X$,
 $Y \times_{\pi_Y}^X Y \implies Y \subset \text{Pair}(Y)$ SURJECTIVE SUBMERSION

(***) DELOOPING GROUPOID $BG : G \implies \bullet$ for $G \in \text{LieGrp}$

(****) ACTION GROUPOID $G \ltimes M : G \times M \implies M$

$$s(g, x) = x, \quad t(g, x) = \lambda_g(x), \quad \text{Id}_x = (e, x)$$

$$\text{Inv}(g, x) = (g^{-1}, \lambda_g(x)), \quad (h, \lambda_g(x)) \cdot (g, x) = (h \cdot g, x)$$

(*****) EHRESMANN-ATYAH GROUPOID $\text{At}(P) : \text{GIVEN } \pi_P : P \rightarrow \Sigma$
 $\text{Pair}(P)/G : (P \times P)/G \implies P/G \equiv \Sigma$ PRINCIPAL G -BUNDLE

GROUPOIDS AS MODELS OF ORBISPACES $M//G = \{ [x] := t(s^{-1}(tx)) \mid x \in M \}$
 G -ORBIT of x

CONSIDER NERVE of $G \Rightarrow M$:

$$G_\bullet := N_\bullet(G \Rightarrow M) : \dots \rightrightarrows G \times_t G \times_t G \rightrightarrows G \times_t G \rightrightarrows G \rightrightarrows M$$

w/ FACE MAPS $d_i^{(\bullet)}$:

$$d_0^{(i)} = t, \quad d_1^{(i)} = s \quad ; \quad d_i^{(n)}(g_n, g_{n-1}, \dots, g_1) = \begin{cases} (g_n, g_{n-1}, \dots, g_2) & \text{if } i=0 \\ (g_n, g_{n-1}, \dots, g_{i+2}, g_{i+1}, g_i, g_{i-1}, g_{i-2}, \dots, g_1) & \text{if } 0 < i < n \\ (g_{n-1}, g_{n-2}, \dots, g_1) & \text{if } i=n \end{cases}$$

FORM STRATIFIED
MANIFOLD

$$\bigsqcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} (G_n \times \Delta_n)$$

$$\text{w/ } \Delta_n = \{ (t_1, t_2, \dots, t_{n+1}) \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{n+1} \mid \sum_{k=1}^{n+1} t_k = 1 \}$$

STANDARD n -SIMPLEX

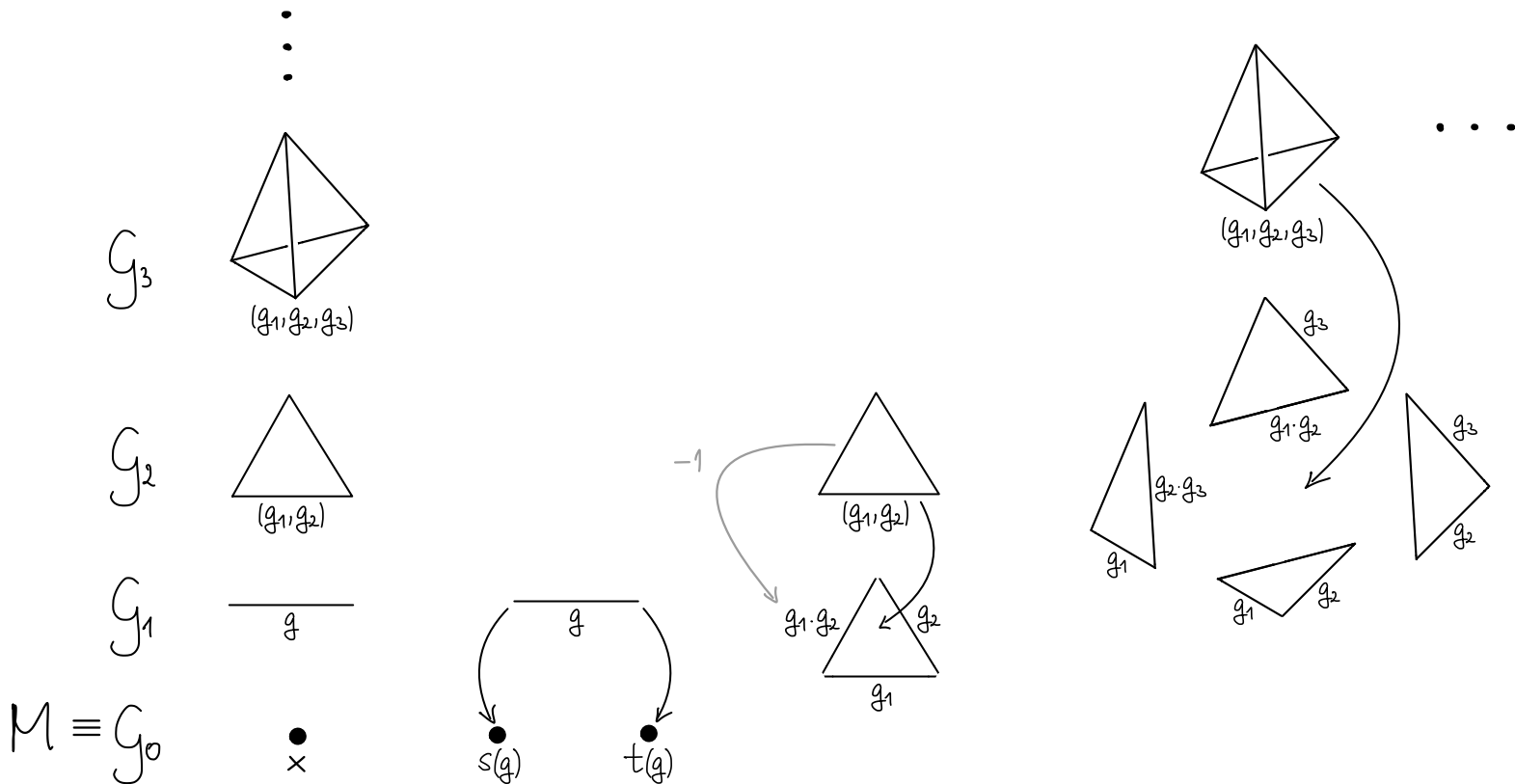
QUOTIENT SPACE $\|G_\bullet\| := \bigsqcup_{n \in \mathbb{N}} (G_n \times \Delta_n) / \sim$

$$\text{wz l. } (d_i^{(n+1)}(\gamma), t) \sim (\gamma, \partial_i^{(n+1)}(t))$$

$$\partial_i^{(n+1)} : \Delta^n \rightarrow \Delta^{n+1}, (t_1, t_2, \dots, t_{n+1}) \mapsto (t_1, t_2, \dots, t_i, 0, t_{i+1}, t_{i+2}, \dots, t_{n+1})$$

IS A HOMOTOPY MODEL of $M//G$: HOMOTOPY QUOTIENT

ENGINEERING THE HOMOTOPY MODEL...



IMPLEMENTATIONS of SYMMETRY by GROUPS:

Def 4. RIGHT G-MODULE IS A TRIPLE (X, μ, e) COMPOSED OF

(*) MANIFOLD X ;

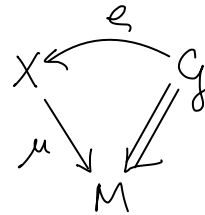
(**) MAPS: $\mu: X \rightarrow M$ (MOMENT) & $e: X \times_t G \rightarrow X, (x, g) \mapsto x \triangleleft g$ (ACTION) s.th.

(RM1) $\mu(x \triangleleft g) = s(g)$; (RM2) $x \triangleleft \text{Id}_{\mu(x)} = x$; (RM3) $(x \triangleleft g) \triangleleft h = x \triangleleft g.h$.

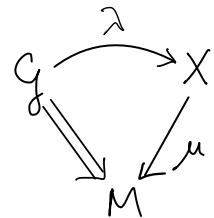
LEFT G-MODULES (X, μ, λ)

ARE DEFINED ANALOGOUSLY.

NOTATION:



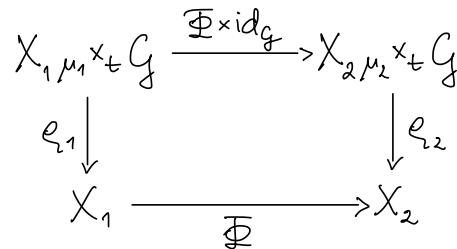
RESP.



MORPHISM of RIGHT G-MODULES

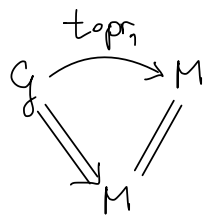
IS A MAP $\Phi: X_1 \xrightarrow{\infty} X_2$

s.th.



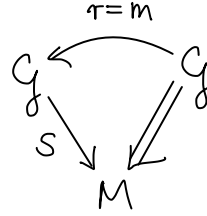
IS WELL-DEFINED
& COMMUTATIVE.

E.g., (*) TARGET ACTION :



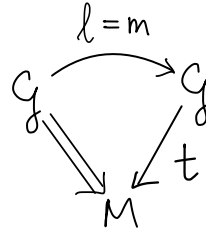
$$(t \circ pr_1)(g, x) = t(g) \\ x = s(g)$$

(**) RIGHT-FIBRED ACTION :



$$r(g, h) = g \cdot h \\ s(g) = t(h)$$

(***) LEFT-FIBRED ACTION :



$$l(h, g) = h \cdot g \\ t(g) = s(h)$$

PROBLEM: $g \in G$ ACTS ONLY ON $\mu^{-1}(\{t(g)\}) \Rightarrow$ NOT by DIFFEOS IN GENERAL

WHEREAS GFT SYMMETRIES ARE MODELLED ON $\text{Aut}(M) \subset \text{Diff}(M) \dots$

NEED: IMPLEMENTATION of G -ACTION by $\text{Diff}(X)$

Defⁿ 5. GLOBAL BISECTION of $\mathcal{G} \Rightarrow M$ is A MAP $\beta: M \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}^\infty} \mathcal{G}$

s.t.h. (B1) $s \circ \beta = \text{id}_M$; (B2) $t \circ \beta \in \text{Diff}(M)$.

$\Leftrightarrow$ IT IS A SUBMANIFOLD $\beta(M) \subset \mathcal{G} : s|_{\beta(M)}, t|_{\beta(M)} \in \text{Diff}(\beta(M), M)$.

NOTATION: $B(\mathcal{G})$ SET OF BISECTIONS OF $\mathcal{G} \Rightarrow M$

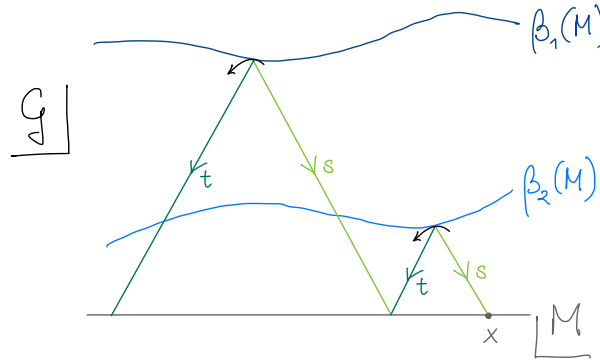
Propⁿ 1. $B(\mathcal{G})$ IS A GROUP.

9: BINARY OPERATION: $\beta_1 \cdot \beta_2(\bullet) := \beta_1 \circ t \circ \beta_2(\bullet)$. $\beta_2(\bullet)$

$\kappa /$ UNIT Id

& INVERSE

$$\beta^{-1} = \text{Inv} \circ \beta \circ (t \circ \beta)^{-1}$$



Ex., (*) $B(\text{Pair}(M)) \cong \text{Diff}(M)$ $\beta = (f, \text{id}_M)$

(**) $B(BG) \cong G$ $\beta(\bullet) \in G$

(***) $B(G \ltimes M) \supset \{ (g, \cdot) : M \rightarrow G \times M \mid g \in G \} \xleftarrow{\sim} G$

(****) $B(\text{At}(P)) \cong \text{Aut}_{\text{Bun}_G(\Sigma)}(P)$!

Prop 2. $\forall (X, \mu, \lambda)$ (LEFT) G -MODULE $\exists B\lambda : B(G) \xrightarrow{(q_P)} \text{Diff}(X)$

9:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 B(G) \times M \times X & \xrightarrow{\text{ev} \times \text{id}_X} & G \times_{\mu} X \\
 \uparrow \text{id}_{B(G)} \times (\mu, \text{id}_X) & \parallel & \downarrow \lambda \\
 B(G) \times X & \xrightarrow{\widetilde{B\lambda}} & X
 \end{array}$$

□

E.g., (*) TARGET ACTION t_{op} INDUCES SHADOW ACTION

$$t_* : \mathcal{B}(\mathfrak{g}) \longrightarrow \text{Diff}(M), \beta \longmapsto t \circ \beta(\cdot) \equiv \beta \circ$$

(**) RIGHT-FIBRED ACTION r INDUCES RIGHT-MULTIPLICATION

$$R : \mathcal{B}(\mathfrak{g}) \longrightarrow \text{Diff}(\mathfrak{g}), \beta \longmapsto m \circ (\cdot, \beta \circ (t \circ \beta)^{-1} \circ s(\cdot))$$

(***) LEFT-FIBRED ACTION l INDUCES LEFT-MULTIPLICATION

$$L : \mathcal{B}(\mathfrak{g}) \longrightarrow \text{Diff}(\mathfrak{g}), \beta \longmapsto m \circ (\beta \circ t(\cdot), \cdot)$$

& SO ALSO

CONJUGATION

$$C : \mathcal{B}(\mathfrak{g}) \longrightarrow \text{Diff}(\mathfrak{g}), \beta \longmapsto L_{\beta} \circ R_{\beta^{-1}}$$

STRUCTURAL PROPERTIES RELEVANT to PHYSICAL APPLICATIONS:

Propⁿ 3. $\text{Diff}_{r(G)}(G) (\equiv \text{Mod}_{G^{\text{op}}}(G, G)) \simeq \underline{L(B(G))}$

Q: EXERCISE!

COMPARE: $\text{Diff}_{r(G)}(G) \simeq \mathfrak{l}(G) \quad (G \simeq B(BG))$

Propⁿ 4. $C(B(G))$ PRESERVES IDENTITY BISECTION $\text{Id}(M)$:

$$C_p(\text{Id}_x) = \underline{\text{Id}_{t_*\beta(x)}}.$$

Q: EXERCISE!

COMPARE: $\text{Ad}_g(e) = e$

TANGENT STRUCTURE, & "INFINITESIMAL" SYMMETRIES

Def 6. TANGENT LIE ALGEBROID of $\mathcal{G} \Rightarrow M$ IS THE LIE ALGEBROID
 (SEE: KQ'S COURSE)

$$\left(\underbrace{E \equiv \text{Id}^* \text{Ker } Ts}_{\text{Lie}(\mathcal{G})} \xrightarrow{\pi_E} M, \underbrace{[\cdot, \cdot]_E}_{\text{VECTOR BUNDLE}}, \underbrace{[\cdot, \cdot]_E \equiv \theta_* \circ [\cdot, \cdot]_{\Gamma(T\mathcal{G})} \circ (\theta_*^{-1} \times \theta_*^{-1})}_{\text{LIE BRACKET}}, \underbrace{\alpha_E \equiv Tt}_{\text{ANCHOR}} \right)$$

WHERE $\text{Id}^* \text{Ker } Ts \equiv M_{\text{Id}} \times_{\pi_{T\mathcal{G}}} \text{Ker } Ts \xrightarrow{p_2} \text{Ker } Ts \equiv T\left(\bigsqcup_{x \in M} s^{-1}(x)\right)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \pi_E = \text{pr}_1 \downarrow & & \downarrow \pi_{T\mathcal{G}} \\ M & \xrightarrow{\text{Id}} & \mathcal{G} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} \cap \\ T\mathcal{G} \end{array}$$

RIGHT-INVARIANT
VECTOR FIELDS

So $\theta_* : \Gamma(T\mathcal{G})_{\sigma(g)} \xrightarrow{\cong} \Gamma(\text{Id}^* \text{Ker } Ts)$ for

$$\mathcal{R} \mapsto \theta \circ \mathcal{R}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Ker } Ts & \xrightarrow{\theta} & E \\ \pi_{T\mathcal{G}} \downarrow & & \downarrow \pi_E \\ \mathcal{G} & \xrightarrow{t} & M \end{array}$$

$\pi_{T\mathcal{G}}(v) = g$
 $\theta(v) = (t(g), T_g \sigma_{g^{-1}}(v))$

KerTs-FOUNDED E-VALUED MAURER-CARTAN FORM

FORM (15)

OBSERVATION: SPLITTING of $TG|_{Id(M)}$ IS GENERIC:

$$\forall \beta \in B_{(loc)}(G), x \in \text{dom}(\beta): \underline{T_{\beta(x)}G \simeq T_x \beta(T_x M) \oplus \text{Ker } T_{\beta(x)}S \simeq T_x M \oplus \mathcal{E}_{T_x \beta(x)}}$$

& SHALL PLAY A RÔLE IN THE GAUGING...

Ex. (*) $\text{Lie}(\text{Pair}(M)) \simeq TM$, $[\cdot, \cdot]_{TM} \equiv [\cdot, \cdot]_{\Gamma(TM)}$, $\alpha_{TM} = \text{id}_{TM}$

(**) $\text{Lie}(BG) \simeq \text{Lie } G$

(***) $\text{Lie}(G \ltimes M) \simeq M \times \text{Lie } G$, $[\cdot, \cdot]_{M \times \text{Lie } G}$ DETERMINED by $[\cdot, \cdot]_{\text{Lie } G}$
 $\alpha_{M \times \text{Lie } G} \equiv \mathcal{K}^{(A)}$ FUNDAMENTAL VECTOR FIELD & LEIBNIZ PROPERTY

THE LATTER DEFINES AN ACTION of $\text{Lie } G$ on $M \equiv$ "INFINITESIMAL" SYMMETRY

GENERALISATION: $\alpha_{\mathcal{E}*}: \Gamma(\mathcal{E}) \rightarrow \Gamma(TM)$, OR EVEN $\alpha_{\text{Lie}(g \ltimes X)*} \dots$ (16)

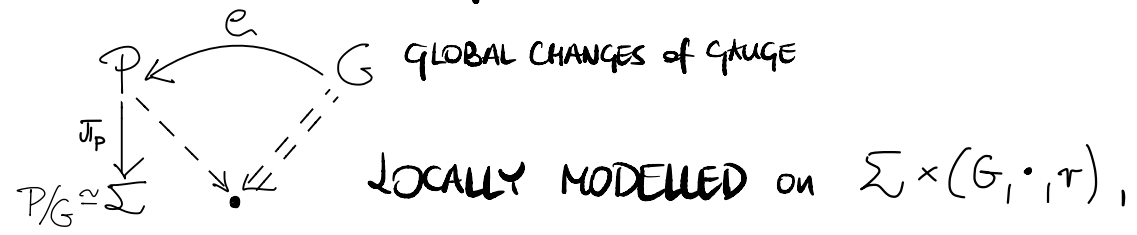
BACK TO QFT, & ITS G -MODELLED SYMMETRIES...

IDEA: REINTERPRET $G \curvearrowright M$ (resp. X) PASSIVELY, & CONSIDER DYNAMICS INDEPENDENT OF (LOCALLY) SMOOTHLY Σ -INDEXED CHANGES OF REFERENCE FRAME/OBSERVER/GAUGE...

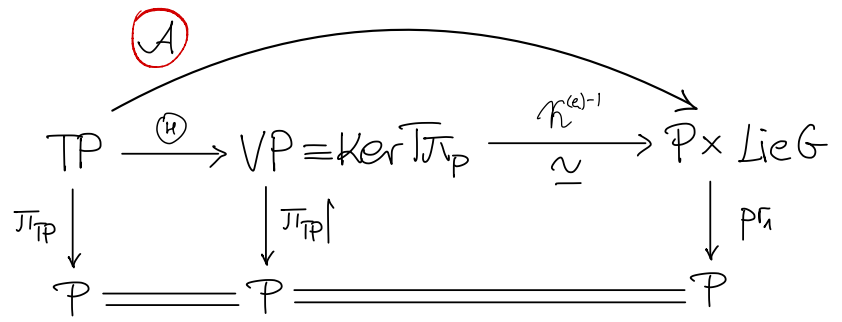
CLASSIC REALISATION [EHRESMANN-CARTAN]: GIVEN $G \curvearrowright M$, CONSTRUCT

BUNDLE of GAUGES

PRINCIPAL G -BUNDLE

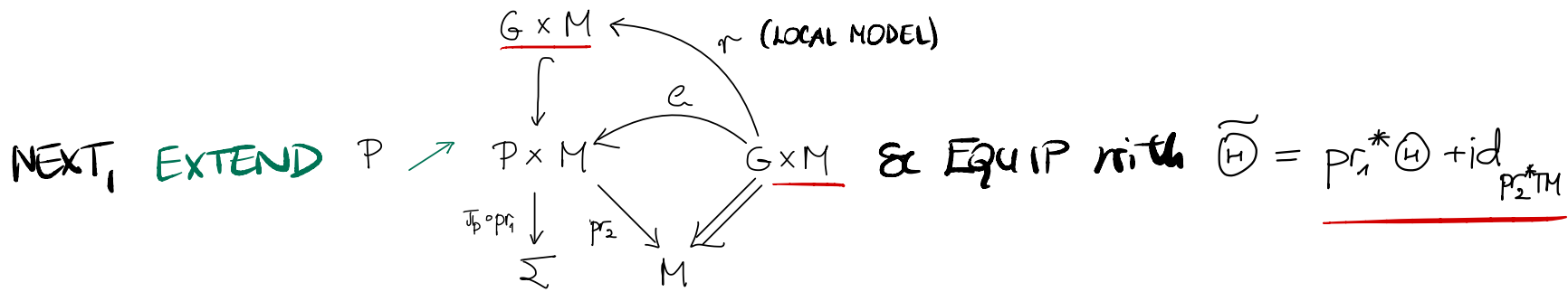


16/
 G -INVARIANT
EHRESMANN
CONNECTION



$$\text{Ker } H = \text{Ker } A = HP$$

$$\forall p \in P, g \in G: T_p e_g(H_p P) = H_{e_g(p)} P$$



NB: r IS PRINCIPAL RELATIVE TO M ALONG $t \equiv \lambda$, i.e.,

$$(p_{r_{12}}, r)^{-1} : (G \times M)_{\lambda} \times_{\lambda} (G \times M) \xrightarrow{\cong} (G \times M)_{p_{r_2}} \times_{\lambda} (G \times M)$$

$$\stackrel{L}{=} (p_{r_{12}}, \phi) \quad \text{DIVISION MAP} \quad \phi((g_1, x), (g_2, \lambda_{g_2^{-1}g_1}(x))) = (g_1, x) \cdot (g_2, \lambda_{g_2^{-1}g_1}(x)) = (g_1^{-1}g_2, \lambda_{g_2^{-1}g_1}(x))$$

$\Rightarrow e$ IS FIBREWISE PRINCIPAL RELATIVE TO

along $\pi_{\sim} : P \times M \twoheadrightarrow P \times_{\lambda} M, (p, x) \mapsto [(p, x)]$

LOCALLY MODELLED ON λ

& $\tilde{H}$ INDUCES $H_C \circ T\pi_{\sim} := T\pi_{\sim} \circ \tilde{H}$ CRITTENDEN CONNECTION

$$\begin{array}{c} M \\ \downarrow \\ P \times_{\lambda} M \equiv (P \times M)/G \\ \downarrow [\pi_P] \\ \Sigma \end{array}$$

ASSOCIATED
BUNDLE

LOCAL PICTURE: G -EQUIVARIANT TRIVIALISATIONS $\tau_i: \pi_p^{-1}(\mathcal{O}_i) \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathcal{O}_i \times G$ YIELD

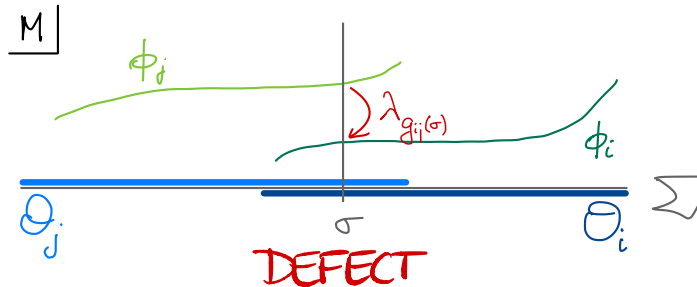
TRANSITION 1-COCYCLE $g_{ij}: \mathcal{O}_{ij} \rightarrow G$ AS $\tau_i \circ \tau_j^{-1}(\sigma, g) = (\sigma, \ell_{g_{ij}(\sigma)}(g))$, $\sigma \in \mathcal{O}_{ij}$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{P} \simeq \bigsqcup_{i \in \mathcal{I}} \mathcal{O}_i \times G / \sim_{g_{ij}}, \quad (\sigma, g, i) \sim (\sigma, \ell_{g_{ij}(\sigma)}(g), j) \quad \text{LOCAL MODEL}$$

THESE INDUCE $[\tau_i]: \pi_{P \times_\lambda M}^{-1}(\mathcal{O}_i) \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathcal{O}_i \times M$, $[(\tau_i^{-1}(\sigma, g), x)] \mapsto (\sigma, \lambda_g(x))$,

SO THEN $\phi \in \Gamma(P \times_\lambda M)$ IS LOCALLY PRESENTED AS

$$[\tau_i] \circ \phi = (\text{id}_{\mathcal{O}_i}, \phi_i) \quad \text{for } \phi_i: \mathcal{O}_i \rightarrow M \text{ s.t. } \phi_i(\sigma) = \lambda_{g_{ij}(\sigma)}(\phi_j(\sigma)), \sigma \in \mathcal{O}_{ij}$$



DISCONTINUOUS
 G -TWISTED SECTOR
of GAUGE FIELD THEORY
(-TO-BE)

TEASER for LECTURE II :

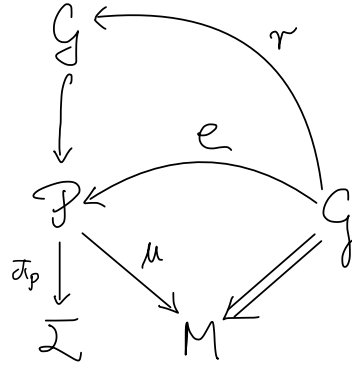
WHEN GAUGING SYMMETRY MODELLED on $G \Rightarrow M$ & IMPLEMENTED by $IB(G)$,
START from BUNDLE of GAUGES

PHYSICS :

(*) CONFIGURATIONAL BUNDLE
AS SMOOTH QUOTIENT P/G

(**) GAUGE FIELD from G -INVARIANT
EHRESMANN CONNECTION on P

(***) COVARIANT DERIVATIVE from INDUCED
EHRESMANN CONNECTION on P/G



PRINCIPALOID

G -BUNDLE

[arXiv: 2503.09886 [math.DG]]

INTRICACIES :

(*) E -VALUED GAUGE FIELD

(**) STRUCTURE-GROUP REDUCTIONS
in PRESENCE of STRUCTURE on G

(***) STACKY DESCENT of TOPOLOGICAL
COUPLINGS...